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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 67. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,299

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—June 8.

Sun Rises	4 41 A M
Sun Sets	7 15 P M
Day's Length	14 h 34 m
High Water at Southport	12 47 A M
High Water at Wilmington	2 27 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 8.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 71°; 8 p. m., 71°; maximum, 78°; minimum 65°; mean, 72°.

Rainfall for the day, 00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2 34.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. June 7th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer is lowest from western Pennsylvania south to the central Gulf, with showers or thunder storms reported from nearly all bordering coast States. Light rains are also reported from the lake region and the central Western valleys. The barometer is highest over the central West, with mostly fair weather and rising temperatures reported.

Conditions indicate unsettled weather until to-morrow night, then clearing conditions for this locality.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local showers or thunder storms fell generally over nearly all districts during the twenty four hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday, being excessive over Texas, as follows: San Marcos, 1.58; Temple, 2 50, and Taylor, 1.70 inches.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., June 6.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 4.8 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Showers; cooler on the coast; northeast to east winds.

OUTLINES.

Yesterday 158 fourth-class postmasters were appointed. —— The Senate disposed of the lumber paragraph and reached the sugar schedule of the Tariff bill; proceedings in the House were unimportant. —— W. J. Calhoun, the special commissioner sent to Cuba to investigate the circumstances of the death of Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen, arrived at New York on his way to Washington. —— In the United States Court at Jacksonville, Fla., the libel for forfeiture of the steamer Three Friends was dismissed. —— Ex-Mayor John Tyler Cooper, of Atlanta, Ga., has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment and $500 fine for embezzlement. —— Snow fell yesterday at Orange, N. J. —— The Master Car Builders' Association of the United States will meet to-day at Old Point Comfort, Va. —— A meeting of *silver Republicans* will be held to-day *in Chicago* to decide upon a plan for national organization. —— Wilcox & White Organ Company, of Meriden, Conn., has made an assignment. —— A cloudburst in the department of Isere, France, caused great destruction of property. —— The Standard oil works of Cleveland, O., have shut down for an indefinite period. —— Earthquakes Sunday in Mexico and on the isthmus of Tehauntepec did some damage. —— At Macon, Ga., Thomas Waite was struck by lightning and instantly killed. —— Charles Barber, a patent attorney, Washington, D. C., shot Miss Squires as she was on her way to the office where she was employed, and then killed himself. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1 per cent.; cotton steady—middling 7 11-16c; flour firm; wheat—spot firm, corn—spot firm, No. 2 29¼c at elevator and 30¼c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.70@1.75; spirits turpentine steady at 27@27¼c.

Mr. Edison says the horseless carriage is "in sight." In the language of the boys it will be "out of sight."

The tug Dauntless, notwithstanding the fact that she continues to be captured with remarkable frequency, keeps tugging away.

If Hon. Jerry Simpson isn't a "finished orator" it isn't Tom Reed's fault. He has sat on him often enough to finish him.

Mark Twain says his reported death was very much "exaggerated" and assures his friends that there wasn't a word of truth in it.

Ex-Governor Altgeld, after trying it, prefers the bicycle remedy to the Kneip cure. Sensible man. With the bicycle treatment he can keep his feet dry and have a good deal more fun.

If the museum man who has hired Russell Sage's nephew for a month at $50 a week could hire Russell, he would have a drawing pair. More people would pay to see the old freak than the starving nephew.

The Washington *Post* says "you will never catch Jerry Simpson attacking Speaker Reed with anonymous letters." But it doesn't follow from this that he would be above sticking bent pins in his clothes.

When steel is magnified 1,000 diameters or so it looks like a fine net work. There are some people to whom a silver half dollar looks like a fish net, and they don't have to use any magnifying glasses, either.

Jesse Way, of Indiana, seems to have been a wayward sort of a chap from away back. He is 80 years old now and has just been sent to the penitentiary for counterfeiting, after having spent forty-five years in sundry jails.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

THE STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Our wool growers will have to wait a year or so for the advance in prices they expected as a result of putting wool on the dutiable list. According to the London *Times* our mill owners bought of foreign and colonial wool last April 50,391,000 pounds against 2,705,000 for the month of April last year, and of British and Irish wool 5,844,000 pounds against 495,000 for April of last year.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* declares that the action of the recent State Convention in Kentucky in endorsing the canvass of Wm. J. Bryan and pledging him future support "ends all possibility of reunion between the silverites and the Democrats in this State." Well, how many of the *C.-J.* kind of Democrats are there in that State, anyhow?

Some of the Chinese confectioners are so clever that they can open an orange or an egg and stuff them with sweetmeats, and so skillfully close up the incisions that with a forty-horse power microscrope you couldn't tell where the stuffing went in. These are some of the tricks they acquired when the world was young.

Boston is in condition to pull the wool over somebody. Since the beginning of the year Bostonians have bought 150,000,000 pounds, 100,000,000 more than last year. When it comes to anticipating duties the Bostonians do not need to be kicked to take a hint.

After fourteen years of perplexing deliberation by the Board of General Appraisers the status of the mouth organ has at last been determined, and it takes a place among "musical instruments"—for the purpose of tariff taxation. The Government can now raise a little wind on it.

With three law offices to run, one in New York, one in Washington and one in Louisville, Hon. John G. Carlisle doesn't expect to have much time to devote to cutting bait.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—Special school tax.
D. L. GORE—Reduced prices.
UNIVERSITY—Summer School.
S. W. SANDERS—Sweet potatoes.
SAUNDERS & MARSHALL—Waterm'ns
MASONIC—Meeting St. John's Lodge.
NOTICE—Carolina Beach Pleasure Club

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Mr. J. B. Wallace, of Charlotte, was here yesterday.

—Mr. J. Sam. Wright, of Hub, arrived in the city yesterday.

—Mr. L. M. Glenn, of Crowder's Creek, was registered here yesterday.

—Mr. A. E. Bell, of Charlotte, was among yesterday's hotel registrations.

—Mr. W. H. Wigtow, of the Cumnock Coal Mining Company, was in the city yesterday.

—Mr. A. P. Holland and Drs. Nixon and Rountree, of Rocky Point, were in the city yesterday.

—Mr. O. G. Burton, of Hub, and Mr. C. F. Southerland, of St. Phillips, were among yesterday's arrivals.

—Messrs. H. A. Kropp and E. J. Hatch, officials of the Southern Express Company, were in the city yesterday.

—A number of physicians were in the city yesterday and Sunday on their way to Morehead City to attend a meeting of the N. C. Medical Association. Among them were Clarence Porter Jones, M. D., and W. P. Webb, M. D., of Rockingham; S. M. Crowell, M. D., C. B. Stevenson, M. D., and L. G. Jones, M. D., of Charlotte.

Sold For $16,000.

The sale of the phosphate lands of the North Carolina Phosphate Company was made yesterday at noon, at the court house door. Commissioners C. M. Busbee and S. F. Mordecai, Mr. J. R. Smith, Superintendent of the State Penitentiary, were present. Justice J. M. McGowan did the auctioneering.

The property went to Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, as Director of the Penitentiary, his bid being $16,000 in trust for that institution.

Magistrate's Court.

Andrew Sellers, the young white boy arrested Saturday afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Flynn on the charge of rape, was arraigned for trial yesterday morning at 10 o'clock before Justice Bunting, but was discharged, the evidence not being sufficient to justify his being held for trial at a higher court. P. B. Manning, Esq., appeared for the defendant. Sellers was charged with committing a criminal assault upon the six-year old daughter of Mr. C. J. Reaves.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

—The steamer *Driver* resumes her regular trips to-day.

—Deputy Sheriff Guyon, colored, last night arrested a white man, charged with embezzlement.

—Prof. Carraway, the hypnotist, will open a week's engagement at the Opera House Monday night.

—A false alarm of fire was sent in Sunday night about 9 o'clock from box 34, Seventh and Grace streets.

—Regular monthly communication of St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. Masons at 8 o'clock to-night.

—Mr. H. A. Kure, President of the Carolina Beach Pleasure Club, gives notice that the adjourned meeting of the club will be held on Saturday, the 12 h.

—The enterprising firm of Sanders & Marshall have received a car load of Dixie melons, and announce that they keep the Dr. E Porter berries (Lady Thompson) on hand daily.

—There was quite a sprinkling of Charlotte people here yesterday. Some of them were physicians on their way to Morehead City to attend the meeting of the North Carolina Medical Association.

—Messrs. T. W. Wood, W. R. Morrison, W. D. Pugh, Ed. Yopp and J. E. Summering, of Society Hill, S. C., returned Sunday night from a week's fishing at the Rocks. All the fishermen sported a "catch" of considerable size.

—The truck of the Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company, while on its way to a fire last night collided with a street car at the intersection of Fourth and Princess streets. About ten firemen were on the truck at the time, but fortunately no one was hurt, and no damage done to either street car or truck.

—Joe Tyndall, a white youth about 15 years old, had one of his arms badly crushed yesterday afternoon about 1 o'clock at the cotton mills. Tyndall, at the time of the accident, was ascending in the elevator, and carelessly placed his arm on the outside, and it was caught between the elevator and the ceiling and painfully injured.

Farewell Sermon of Rev. B. E. Wallace.

Immanuel Presbyterian church was crowded on Sunday night last with members of the church and others to hear the farewell sermon of Rev. B. E. Wallace. All the seats were taken and there were people outside who remained standing to witness the exercises.

An invitation to accept Christ was the central thought of the sermon, which was listened to with the deepest interest. At the conclusion of the sermon between 30 and 35 of the congregation went forward and grasped the minister's hand, signifying their willingness to accept Christ.

The scene which was enacted after Mr. Wallace had dismissed his congregation was quite affecting. The people thronged about him, assuring him of their love and esteem, and invoking the Divine blessing upon him wherever he might go.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—9 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—23 casks spirits turpentine, 30 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—1 bale cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 36 bbls rosin, 21 bbls rosin, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—41 casks spirits turpentine, 92 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—40 casks spirits turpentine, 50 bbls rosin, 6 bbls tar, 3 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner William—40 casks spirits turpentine, 150 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1 bale; spirits turpentine, 123 casks; rosin, 358 bbls; tar, 121 bbls; crude turpentine, 40 bbls.

Stonewall Lodge K. of P.

At a regular meeting of Stonewall Lodge No. 6, K. of P., last night the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing term of six months:

M. W.—H. Cronenberg.
C. C.—W. C. Smith.
V. C.—J. R. Turrentine, Jr.
P.—M. S. Willard.
K. of R. and S.—W. F. Robertson.
M. of F.—D. F. Barnes.
M. of E.—H. J. Bierman.
M. at A.—G. H. Peterson.
Inner Guard—E. H. Batson.
Outer Guard—J. M. Holmes.

These officers will be installed on the first Monday night in July.

Second Crop Strawberries.

Mr. W. F. Alexander, one of the prominent fruit growers of this section, gives the information that his strawberries are blooming the second time. The patches are white with blossoms, and a second crop will be picked about July 15.

The unusual occurrence is accounted for by the fact that the excessive dry weather of the late Spring retarded many of the fruit buds and the recent rains and warm weather caused them to open. Mr. Alexander says the second crop will be, he thinks, better and finer than the first.

Sunday Night Robberies.

The law office of W. H. Moore, colored, in the three-story brick building, corner Second and Market streets, was entered between dark Sunday night and daylight yesterday morning, and drawers ransacked, chairs overturned, and books and papers scattered over the floor. Evidently the thief or thieves were in search of money.

The office of Lawyer White, colored, in an adjoining building, on Second street, was also entered and the same little farce gone through with, as the looks of the office will now plainly show.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Proceedings of Regular Session—Reports From Committees—The Salaries for 1897—Police Appointments Confirmed.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock in regular monthly session. Present, Mayor Wright, Aldermen Keith, Hewlett, Twining, Benson, Green, Norwood and Walker.

The minutes of the meetings during the month of May were read and approved, and the reports of the different standing committes then called for.

Alderman Hewlett, of the Market Committee, reported that the roof of Front street market needed repairing, and one of the restaurants in the rear of the market house needed plastering. A coat of paint, he said, would answer for the roof of Front street market.

Mayor Wright suggested that Alderman Hewlett find out the cost necessary to make the needed repairs, and refer it to his associates on the committee.

The resignation of Mr. Michael Griffin, as captain of the police force, was read and, on motion of Alderman Hewlett, accepted.

Mayor Wright stated that since the election there had been several changes in the police force, and offered the following list for the Board's consideration, viz:

Captain, Robert Green; lieutenant, Thos. C. Lawson; second lieutenant, R. T. Gore; third lieutenant, L. A. Hewlett; patrolmen, Dave Bryant, Nick McDuffie, Willis Richardson, H. B. Green, Joseph Anderson, Lewis Guyer, J. H. Sharpe, George Bell, F. A. Toomer, Rowan Green, J. N. Wells, R. H. Benson, R. M. Murray, H. H. Woebse, J. F. Huggins, J. W. Holmes, H. R. Kuhl, L. P. Thomas, Sam Hall, G. W. Gurganus, W. D. George, J. H. McDonald, C. O. Knox, M. J. Harriss, J. W. Smith, H. J. Whitehead and J. A. Sutton.

In response to a question from Alderman Keith, in regard to the changes, the Mayor stated that the only change had been the addition of M. J. Harriss and the substitution of H. H. Woebse in place of Officer Lewis Gordon.

Officer Keith offered a motion that if the Seacoast Railroad Company would pay a policeman for his services that the city would pay for the outfit, but that the policeman should be under the command of the Chief of Police. Alderman Hewlett seconded the motion, which was carried.

On motion, the list of policemen, as offered by the Mayor, was adopted.

Alderman Keith, of the Light committee, reported that the new electric light system was doing all right, and that he had heard no complaint to the contrary.

On motion of Alderman Walker, a gas lamp was ordered placed in front of the Abbie-Chadbourn Memorial hall of the First Presbyterian church.

Alderman Walker, of the Streets and Wharves committee, stated that he and Alderman Keith, of the same committee, had inspected Wood street, of which complaint had been received, as to the opening of that street and would recommend that the branch of Wood street, complained of, be opened from Wood street, the main line, to Rankin street.

Alderman Keith said he thought the street force could open the street in about two hours' work. He then made motion to that effect, which was seconded by Alderman Green and carried.

Alderman Green said there was considerable complaint in regard to hills of sand on Third street, between Castle and Queen, owing to the recent grading of Castle street. The rain, he said, ran down from these hills into the yards of those living near, and did considerable damage.

Alderman Keith made motion that the foot of Chesnut street be repaired, which, he said, could be done for about $1.50, so as to make a good wharf, beneficial to many. Alderman Green seconded the motion, which was carried.

Alderman Green, of the Water Works Committee, recommended that a hydrant be placed at the corner of Eighth and Wooster streets, and also one at the corner of Seventh and Swann streets.

Alderman Walker said he thought it would be better to place the hydrant at the corner of Sixth and Wooster streets, instead of at the corner of Seventh and Wooster streets. As there was also a petition in to that effect, Alderman Green accepted the amendment.

Mr. C. C. Parker appeared before the Board and requested that a hydrant be placed at corner of Sixth and Wooster streets, which, he said, would be in accordance with the distance between each of the other three hydrants in that portion of the city. Alderman Green, however, thought Eighth and Wooster the best location, and on motion of Alderman Walker the committee's recommendation was adopted.

Mr. Joe King, Jr., appeared before the Board and tendered his resignation as clerk to the Mayor, and, on motion of Alderman Hewlett, it was accepted.

Aldeman Keith requested that the contract with the Water Works Company be read. The request was granted and the contract was read by Clerk Rice, after which Alderman Keith said that he had accompanied Chief of Fire Department Schibben to test the pressure of the water works and that they had found about twenty pounds of pressure and a stream of water which could be thrown only twenty feet. "You can't," he said, "expect the fire department to protect property when they can't get the water to do it with, and the Board should investigate." Alderman Keith referred to section 7 of the contract, which reads as follows:

That if the said contractors shall at any time after the said water works is completed, fail to furnish an adequate supply of water for fire purposes, as aforesaid, no rent shall be claimed by them or paid by the city for the use of water during the period of such failure; and if they shall at any time for a period of six months continuously fail to give an adequate supply of water for fire purposes or domestic use, then this contract and agreement shall cease and be at an end.

Alderman Keith said he would make motion for the mayor not to approve the Water Works Company's bills until the contract is complied with.

Mayor Wright stated that he had been informed the Water Works Company had no indications of the Hemenway fire, as the alarm at their works at Hilton did not turn in, and suggested that the investigation, spoken of by Alderman Keith, be referred to a special committee. Alderman Keith then made motion to that effect, which was carried, and the mayor appointed as the committee Aldermen Keith, Green and Twining.

Mayor Wright appointed Mr. Oscar Pearsall as the third member of the committee in regard to the city owning its own water works system.

Alderman Hewlett, of the Fire Committee, stated that the chairman of the committee, Alderman W. E. Yopp, never attended any of the meetings, and he would make a motion that Mayor Wright be substituted in his place. Motion carried.

On the Public Buildings Committee, Alderman Twining was substituted for Alderman Yopp; on Hospital Committee, Alderman Hewlett in place of Alderman Springer; on Sanitary Committee, Alderman Norwood in place of Alderman Fennell; on the Water Works Committee, Alderman Keith in place of Alderman Fennell, and on the Ordinance Committee, Alderman Twining in place of Alderman Springer.

Alderman Hewlett offered an ordinance relative to the taxing of dogs, which was adopted.

On motion, the clerk of the Board was instructed have one thousand copies of the ordinance printed for distribution.

Mayor Wright suggested that the city purchase a stone-crusher, at a cost not to exceed $600, as shells for repairing the streets could not be obtained.

On motion of Alderman Keith, seconded by Alderman Twining the Mayor Wright was empowered to purchase a crusher.

Alderman Twining nominated for the position of Mayor *pro tem.* Alderman Hewlett, and Alderman Norwood placed in nomination Alderman Keith. Alderman Hewlett received five votes and Alderman Keith two. Alderman Hewlett was declared duly elected.

On motion of Alderman Hewlett, the clerk was instructed to communicate with the Superintendent of Health and ask him to make a monthly report.

A complaint from Messrs. S. & B. Solomon in regard to the imperfect condition of the gutters at Front and Market streets was referred to the Streets and Wharves Committee.

Col. Roger Moore was again awarded the contract for supplying the city with lime, brick, etc.

A claim of Mr. Jno. R. Turrentine, through his attorney, Herbert McClammy, Esq., for $100 on account of damage to his property by water, was referred to the Sanitary Committee.

A petition from a number of citizens asking that an electric light be placed at the intersection of Tenth and Princess streets, was referred to the Light Committee.

The following list of salaries, as passed by the Board of Audit and Finance, was adopted, viz: Mayor, $1,000 per annum; City Clerk and Treasurer and Tax Collector, $1,250 per annum; First Assistant to Treasurer, $1000 per annum; Second Assistant to Treasurer, $900; Commissioner of the Sinking Fund (chairman of the Board of Audit and Finance) $400 per annum; Clerk of the Board of Audit and Finance, $1,100 per annum; Chief of Police Department, $300 per annum; Chief of Police, $1,000 per annum; Captain of Police, $750 per annum; Lieutenant of Police, $650 per annum.

Permissions to build were granted to the following: H. T. Duls, L. H. Vollers, R. Beery, Mrs. Johanna L. Slocumb, Mrs. Mary F. VanAmringe and Messrs. Silva & Savage.

The report of Chief of Fire Department Schnibben was read and ordered filed. The report showed that there had been seven fires during the month of May; two without doubt of incendiary origin and the other five caused by sparks from chimneys.

The report of Treasurer Rice for the month of May was read and ordered filed. The report showed balance on hand last return, $7,192 57; receipts, $3,018.47; balance on hand, $4,118.11; expenditures, $5 097 93.

At 6 o'clock the Board adjourned.

CAMPBELL'S NEW HOTEL.

Preparations for the Opening—Waiters and Cooks Came in Sunday—Ready for Guests Thursday.

Campbell's new hotel is what people, who are casting about for a pleasant place to spend a part of the Summer, or the whole of it for that matter, are talking and thinking about just now. Mr. Campbell, the proprietor, arrived for the season Sunday, and numbers of people have been asking him for information. He was accompanied by his mother Mrs. H. A. Campbell, and his aunt, Mrs. Annie Gooch, who will spend some time at the beach.

The corps of waiters and cooks also came in on Sunday. The cooks have had experience in the best hotels of the country, many of them being from Atlanta, so it may be presumed that the meals at the seashore will be prepared to please the most fastidious appetite.

The head clerk, Mr. Sam'l C. Smith, has been here since Saturday. He was engaged last season at Hot Springs.

The hotel will be ready for guests on Thursday, June 10, as already stated.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Meeting Board of Commissioners—Various Matters Considered—The City Hospital—Tax Levy—The Jury List—Board of Education Elected—Reports of County Officials.

The Board of County Commissioners was called to order yesterday afternoon at 2 45 o'clock by Chairman F. W. Foster, Commissioners Moore, Dempsey, Nixon and Alexander being in their seats.

The minutes of the previous regular and special meetings were read and, with slight corrections, approved.

Col. Foster stated that an investigation of the names and residences of the beneficiaries of the county was being made with a view to cutting off those who were drawing unjustly.

On motion, it was ordered that a requisition be granted for a desk and six chairs to be used in the office of Dr. W. P. McMillan, county physician; the cost not to exceed $15.

The jury list of city and county next came up, and the names of several of the fire and military companies were before the Board for exemption, when revising of this list was deferred for special meetings—Thursday and Friday nights.

The petition of Mr. Hans A. Kure to be allowed to sell spirituous liquors at Carolina Beach was granted.

The claim of David Jacobs for $30 as a reward for the capture of Simon Prince, accused of the murder of Walter Pembleton, was not honored.

The resignation of Miss Helen Green, as matron of the City Hospital, was accepted with regret.

A communication was read from Dr. W. W. Lane, physician in charge of the City Hospital, stating that the expenses of the hospital had exceeded the appropriation.

It was ordered that Dr. Lane be informed that the county would not incur expense beyond the amount appropriated.

The report of Dr. J. C. Shepard was read as follows:

"I have the honor to submit this my monthly report for the month of May. There are in the County Home twenty-seven inmates, seven whites and twenty colored. There are in the House of Correction eight persons, two whites and six colored. The institution is well kept. There are in the jail twenty-five prisoners. Would recommend that they be allowed fresh vegetables at least three times a week."

The report was received, and the recommendation as to the use of vegetables adopted.

Col. John D. Taylor, clerk of the Superior Court, reported payment to the Treasurer of $8 50, being fees collected as follows: In Wessel case, $7; in Buck Wright vs. Annie I. Wright, $1.50.

The report of Dr. W. D. McMillan county physician, showed that he had treated 168 patients in his office and made 99 visits to 77 patients at their homes.

Report of Register of Deeds C. W. Norwood showed the issuing of 20 marriage licenses from April 26 to May 31, and the payment to the county of the amount due it, $19 00.

The bill of Mr. H. E. Bonitz for furnishing plans and specifications for the tiling in the court house vaults was ordered paid, the amount being changed to $3 00.

On motion the following was fixed as the levy for 1897:

Hospital, 3½ cents on the $100 valuation; bonded debt, 3 cents; roads and bridges, 3½ cents; military, ¾ of a cent; general fund, 21¼ cents. Total, 33 cents. The corresponding figures for last year were 10, 6, 5, 2½, 23¾ cents respectively, the total being 47 cents on the $100 valuation, an excess of 15 cents over the total for this year.

The poll tax was calculated at $2 56¼ for State and county; for State $1.29, for county $1 27¼.

In accordance with the public school law of 1897 the Board of Commissioners, together with the Clerk of the Court, Col. Jno. D. Taylor, and the Register of Deeds, C. W. Norwood, went into the election of the county board of education.

Before the ballots were cast, Chairman Foster offered some recommendations to the Board of Education which were endorsed by the Board of Commissioners. They were briefly:

1. That the Board of Education receive no compensation.

2. That Prof. M. C. S. Noble be retained in his present position and be appointed as Supervisor for the county without compensation for service in the latter capacity.

3. That no school in the county shall be for less than six months.

4. That it is the desire of the Board of Education to appoint such men only as the School Committees as will see that fuel is furnished to the schools without charge by the committees of the districts.

5. That all school committeemen for every district in New Hanover county shall render statements to the County Commissioners of all real and personal property held by them, and all insurance and other matters as may be asked for. All contracts, purchasing or selling property shall have the approval of the County Commissioners. Also that the County Treasurer render monthly statements of all moneys paid out, itemizing the same, and stating for what district it is on account of.

The balloting resulted in the choice of Commissioners Foster, Dempsey and Nixon, for whom four votes were cast, the other three being cast for Messrs. W. R. Kenan, Walter G. MacRae and W. B. Canady.

The Board then took a recess until Thursday night. The Auditing Committee meets to-night.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

SERIOUS AFFRAY.

A Young Colored Man Attacked and Seriously Injured by Two Negro Men in Brunswick County.

Armand Miller, a young colored man living at "Easy Hill," about five miles from the city on the Brunswick road, was attacked and cruelly beaten while on his way home from church about 9 o'clock Sunday night. The affray happened near Belvidere, and Miller's assailants were Stephen Anderson and Andrew Watters, both colored. They were arrested early yesterday morning upon a warrant issued by Justice of the Peace Joe Gay and carried to Southport on the steamer *Wilmington*, where they were placed in jail to be tried for manslaughter or assault and battery at the next term of the Brunswick County Court.

Dr. T. R. Mask, colored, was called to treat the wounded man. On his return from the last visit last evening about 6 o'clock Dr. Mask reported that his patient was still unconscious. Concussion of the brain may result in death, but it will probably be a day or two yet before it will be known certainly whether he will die from the effects of his wounds or not.

It was not learned why the two boys attacked Miller, but he was accompanied by a girl and it is generally supposed that she had something to do with the affair. The parties under arrest are both young, being less than 21 years of age.

A Bold Intruder.

Sunday night about 8 30 o'clock a lady visitor at the residence of Mr. F. J. Gooding, on Fourth street, between Red Cross and Campbell, started to go out the back door of the house, which leads to a porch, in search for a drink or water, and upon opening the door she was confronted by a negro man. The lady was very much frightened and ran screaming through the house to the front porch, where Mrs. Gooding was sitting. Mr. George P. Johnson, who was standing at the corner of Fourth and Red Cross streets, was attracted by the screams, and immediately went to Mr. Gooding's to ascertain the cause, and upon his arrival, being informed that there was a negro man inside, went into the house and found the negro in the passage. Mr. Johnson took hold of the man and brought him out. When outside the house Mr. Johnson relaxed his hold and the man broke and ran, but was captured by Mr. Jas. F. Woolvin, who was passing by, and carried to the guard house and locked up. The invader gave his name as Ben Street, and claimed, when arraigned before Mayor Wright yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, that he had been working at Mrs. C. P. Bolles, on Third street, between Chesnut and Grace, and Sunday night had mistaken Mr. Gooding's house for Mrs. Bolles'. Mayor Wright, however, decided to hold the defendant, pending a further investigation.

Death of Mrs. London.

A telegram received Sunday announced the death of Mrs. Emily B. London, which occurred suddenly at 2 o'clock Sunday in New York city, at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Joseph M. Cronly. Mrs. London had numerous friends in this city who loved and valued her for her sweet Christian character and who will regret exceedingly to learn that she has passed away. She had not been in robust health for some time, but that the end would come so soon no one suspected.

The deceased was the widow of M. London, Esq., so well known as a prominent member of the Wilmington bar. She was born in Virginia, and was a sister of Capt. Pembroke Jones and Col. Thomas Jones, of Virginia. She removed from this city to New York about two years ago with the family of her son-in-law, Mr. Joseph M. Cronly, who married her only daughter and child. She was about 68 years of age.

The remains left New York at 9 o'clock last night and will arrive here at 5.45 this evening.

MUSICAL RECITAL.

Charming Entertainment at the Y. M. C. Auditorum Last Evening.

The recital of Mrs. Minnie Fish-Griffin and Mr. Bennett Griffin at the Y. M. C. auditorium last night proved a musical treat of the first order, and was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

The following was the programme rendered:

"Spring Flowers," Reinecke, "Protestations," Norris, Mr. and Mrs. Griffin.

Legende, Wieniawski, Mr. Griffin.

"Soloeig's Song," Grieg, "Love's Philosophy," Jordan, Mrs. Griffin.

Gypsy Melodies, Sarasate, Mr. Griffin.

"Songs My Mother Taught Me," Dvorak, "Bird Song," Taubert, Mrs. Griffin.

Air and Variations, Rode, Mr. Griffin.

Fruehlingszeit, Weil, Mr. and Mrs. Griffin.

Miss Bessie Bartt, of this city, accompanied the performers on the piano.

Mr. and Mrs. Griffin are under the management of Mr. H. J. Hirshinger.

Special Rates to Morehead City.

The W., N. & N. Railway has authorized the sale of round trip tickets to Morehead City, N. C., and return as follows:

For Summer season, fare from Wilmington $6.35; tickets on sale daily until September 30th, with final limit to return October 31st.

Special, on sale Saturdays only, until September 25th; good to return until following Tuesdays. Fare from Wilmington $3.00.

Account Teachers' Assembly, tickets on sale June 12th to 30th, with final limit to return July 15th. Fare from Wilmington $6.30, which includes membership coupon.

—The University is steadily growing in popularity, patronage and efficiency. The enrollment this year is the largest in its history. See advertisement in another column.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 4; St. Louis, 3.
Philadelphia, 4; Cincinnati, 0.
Louisville, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
Boston, 4; Pittsburg, 0.
New York, 10; Chicago, 6.
Cleveland, 7; Washington, 0.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

St. Louis at Baltimore.
Pittsburg at Boston.
Louisville at Brooklyn.
Chicago at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Washington.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	25	9	.735
Boston	24	12	.666
Cincinnati	24	13	.648
New York	19	15	.558
Cleveland	20	16	.555
Pittsburg	19	16	.543
Brooklyn	19	18	.513
Philadelphia	20	19	.512
Louisville	16	21	.444
Chicago	14	23	.378
Washington	9	25	.264
St. Louis	8	31	.205

New York yesterday jumped to fourth place, while Boston captured second place and Cleveland fifth place.

Shut-outs were frequent yesterday, and seemed to be the fashion. The feature of the Philadelphia-Cincinnati game was the constant and vigorous kicking of both teams.

The invincible Nops twirled the sphere for the Champions yesterday.

Y. M. C. A. Entertainments.

This is the last day on which those who wish to attend next Winter's entertainments at the Y. M. C. A. can secure their tickets. Only 400 tickets can be sold, and 331 of these had been spoken for last night. The committee expects to finish its work and close the list to day. A subscription list may be found at Yates'.

DIED.

LONDON—Suddenly in New York city, on Sunday, June 6th, at 2 p. m., EMILY B. LONDON, widow of the late Manger London.

Funeral services will be held at her old home, cor Third and Chesnut streets, Wednesday, June 9, at 10 a. m. Friends are invited to be present.

PATTON—In Norfolk, Va., on the morning of Sunday, June 6th, 1897, Mrs. MARIE H., wife of J. W. Patton, and daughter of Rev Richard H. Jones, of Norfolk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M.
Regular monthly communication this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock.
Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
WM. M. POISSON, Secretary.
je 8 1t

Special Notice.
THE MEMBERS OF THE CAROLINA Beach Pleasure Club are hereby notified that the adjourned meeting of the 3rd inst. is called for Saturday, the 12th inst. Members will take notice and be present. You are also informed that the Club Rooms are now open and ready to accommodate yourselves and invited guests. HANS A. KURE, President.
je 8 1t

The University.
47 TEACHERS, 413 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 136), total 549, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy, Graduate Courses open to Women, Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.
Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN, Chapel Hill, N. C.
je 8 tf

Watermelons.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 2,500 "DIXIE" Melons to be sold to-morrow. Lady Thompson Berries from Dr. E. Porter's farm are supplied to us twice a day.
SAUNDERS & MARSHALL, Second and Princess streets.
je 8 tf

Place Your Orders
FOR CAROLINA YACHT CLUB INSIGNIA for Caps with MYERS & LEWIS, No. 5 South Front street.
je 6 3t

Notice.
A DIVIDEND OF TWO PER CENT. WILL be paid on and after the 10th day of June, 1897, to all creditors of the Bank of New Hanover at Wilmington, who have duly proved their claims before the Receiver. JUNIUS DAVIS, Receiver.
je 4 1w

At Reduced Prices.
1,000 KEGS NAILS, 1,400 BBLS. FLOUR,
500 Bags Virginia Water Ground Meal,
100 Bags Hudnut's Grits,
11 50-lb. Tins Pure Leaf Lard,
105 Bags Coffee,
25 Cases Arbuckle Roasted Coffee,
15 Cases Levering Roasted Coffee,
50 Boxes Celluloid Starch,
250 Package and Lump Starch,
1,500 Bushels Corn (quality guaranteed,) and car loads of other goods.
Buyers visiting the city will do well to call and ask for prices. Prices quoted on application.
D. L. GORE, Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.
je 8 tf

Notice.
SECTION TWO OF THE LOCAL TAXATION Law as enacted by the last General Assembly of North Carolina: "On Tuesday after the second Monday in August, within the year 1897, the Board of County Commissioners of every County shall cause an election to be held in every School District (Township) in their respective Counties upon the question of levying a special District (Township) tax for the Public Schools of said District (Township) and notice of this election shall be given by the County Commissioners at their regular June meeting, and such notice shall be published in the County papers and posted on the School houses of said District" (Township).
In compliance with the foregoing, the Election is ordered for the County of New Hanover on the day named. F. W. FOSTER, Chairman of the Board of Commissioners.
je 8 3t

This Week AT The "Unlucky Corner"
Something every one wants and about the last supply of them.
Sweet Potatoes.
Special low prices on them, and also
Lump Starch.
Prices at the Store.
S. W. Sanders.
Phone 109. je 8 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1897

OVERPRODUCTION.

The reason usually assigned for the low prices of farm products and other things for some years past is "overproduction." The farmers produce too much, it is said, more than there is a demand for, and therefore prices go down. The manufacturers produce more than there is a demand for, and therefore prices go down on their goods. The farmer complains and he is told that his remedy is in a high tariff that will build up a "home market," although they have been building up this "home market" for thirty-odd years, during all of which time we have had a high tariff. Notwithstanding the fact that the higher the tariff, the lower the prices of farm products went, they stuck to the old fake of the high tariff and the home market as the farmers' hope. When the manufacturer suffered from overproduction he complained that he was doing business at a loss, could not compete with foreign manufacturers, demanded more protection and generally speaking got it.

Simmered down this means that the farmers who raise more stuff than they can sell, even at prices very little if any above the cost of production, are to be taxed more to enable the manufacturers to make more goods to sell to the farmers who are unable to buy what they make now. The manufacturers are to be protected in a home market which they overstock with goods, and encouraged by cutting off competition to make more goods when they could not find profitable sale for what they had been making.

When there is a surplus of wheat, corn, or any other food commodity, it is called overproduction, although there may be millions of people who live on short rations. When the manufacturers shut down until they can dispose of the stocks accumulated it is called overproduction, although the masses of the people wear fewer clothes, shoes, etc., and buy less of other things than they need or would like to have. It is overproduction in both industries compared with the demand for consumption, but not when compared with the capacity for consumption, and that ought to be the real test of overproduction. For a year or more millions of people have been starving in India and China, but there is such a surplus of food stuffs in this country that the prices are on some products so low that it will not pay to haul them to market. Locally speaking, this is overproduction, but for the world at large it is not, for if the surplus of this country were put down in India and in China, it would scarcely be sufficient to meet the wants of the starving in those countries.

It is overproduction or not, just as you look at it, but as a matter of fact it is under consumption rather than overproduction and under consumption which in our country, without speaking of others, has been the result of unfortunate public policies, one of which was enhancing the value of money, and proportionately reducing the value of everything exchanged for money. Money has been made the standard of value when it should no more be the standard of value than a bushel of wheat or a bale of cotton. But not satisfied with that modern financiers to still further make money supreme, decided that there should be only one kind of money, and that this one must be the sole standard of value. Making that the standard, and doubling its value, reduced by one-half the value of the commodities of trade. That is the situation to-day, and the main reason for the "overproduction" to which low prices are attributed.

If the sole purpose of human legislation is to protect the dollar and make it more valuable and harder to get than it was before, all this may be well enough; but if the purpose of human legislation is to better the condition of mankind—to house, feed and cloth people better, to give them not only the necessaries, but more of the comforts and the sunshine of life, then the legislators who devise methods of giving the dollar extraordinary and fictitious value pursue a very unhappy policy and do the world inestimable wrong. A man who toils for beggarly wages must live like a beggar, and if he has a family he must raise them as beggars. They have nothing to pay for what the farm produces or the manufactory turns out. The policy which makes money so scarce and therefore so dear that a man can't earn enough of it to support him in reasonable comfort is a mistaken, a stupid and a cruel policy, and has more to do with this alleged overproduction than the industry of the farmer, the favor of the seasons or the industry of the manufacturer.

To talk about bringing prosperity to this country by putting heavier taxes on the people, without doing something to enable the people to pay more taxes is the sheerest folly. It is not only folly but it is oppression, for while it does nothing to add to the ability of the people to buy the products of the protected, it debars them from the opportunity of buying in some cheaper market, in which under the present policy they are compelled to sell much of what th y produce. They are beginning at the wrong end even if what they are doing is right. The money problem is the first thing that should settled and so settled that the people could supply themselves with all the currency they desired, whether it be ten dollars *per capita* or a hundred *per capita*. It is the famine in money that causes the "overproduction" of other things, and that famine will never be overcome until the people are reinvested with the right to regulate the money question for themselves and the national Government confines itself to its legitimate function of coining the money metals into money for those who present the bullion at the mint. When that is done and the volume of circulating money becomes ample there will be little fear in this country of overproduction.

MINOR MENTION.

In his colloquy between Senators Vest, of Missouri, and Bacon, of Georgia, Saturday, on the wood schedule, Senator Bacon while objecting to putting white pine lumber on the free list denied that he was a protectionist, while at the same time admitting that he wanted a duty on lumber to protect those of his constituents who are engaged in the lumber business. This is practically speaking a distinction without a difference. It simply means that while Mr. Bacon does not choose to be classed as a protectionist on general principles he is a protectionist when any interest that he represents is involved. This isn't as creditable as being a protectionist on general principles, for its lacks honesty and consistency, and abounds more in selfishness. The only difference between Senator Bacon and the protectionist on general principles is that the industries in Mr. Bacon's State that seek protection are few, if there were more of them he would be more of a protectionist, so that the only difference between him and the out-and-out protectionist consists in the number of industries they would protect. Senator Bacon might have opposed putting lumber on the free list on the ground that if the lumber men of Georgia were taxed for the benefit of other industries, it is only right that they receive some compensation by taxing for their benefit the industries that they help to support. He could consistently have done this without committing himself to protection on the instalment plan, for when he contended that the lumbermen of his State needed protection, and for that reason he opposed putting lumber (white pine or any other kind) on the free list, he gave himself away.

* * *

One of the leading business manufactories of Rhode Island has contracted with a New York importing house for its entire output, part of the contract being that these goods be marked "made in England." The object of this fraud is to sell these as imported goods. It is a fraud on the buyers, on American manufactures, and also a fraud upon the Government, which is thus taken advantage of by permitting the foreign brand to be put upon untaxed goods, which sell in competition with imported taxed goods and also with American manufactures. If that fraud became anything like general how much revenue would the Government get out of imported goods, or how much goods would be imported of any kinds made in this country? This is a fraud, therefore, not only on all other American manufacturers, but on American importers, on American purchasers, and on the Government which is injuriously affected by it. There are many articles used in this country which bear foreign trade marks which are made in this country, and the makers profit by it because they get a higher price, but it shouldn't be allowed, for every article bearing a foreign trade mark ought to be subjected to tax the same as if made abroad; this as a protection to the American manufacturer, the purchaser and the Government, as all suffer by the fraud.

* * *

The tobacco boards of trade will make a hard fight against the proposed increase of the tobacco tax which will seriously affect their business and put them to much inconvenience and loss, for they must either raise the price of their tobacco which will mean reduced sales, or they must make smaller plugs which means throwing out much of the machinery they now use and replacing it with others. But it means more than this, for it will require a larger capital in proportion to the amount of business done as the manufacturer is required to pay the tax on his goods before they leave the factory. With money as scarce as it is in the South, where banking facilities are limited and interest high compared with some other sections, this is a very serious matter with most of our manufacturers. They will either be compelled to use more money or to reduce their output, and the probabilities are that they will also be compelled to economize in labor and reduce the cost of that. It remains to be seen what Senator Pritchard will do in behalf of his constituents when this matter comes up. He can kill the tobacco tax if he fights it; but he voted for the cotton tie tax.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Outlook of June 5th is filled with interesting reading matter, much of it suggestive of ways to spend the Summer vacation pleasantly and profitably. This number is nicely illustrated. Address The Outlook, No. 13 Astor Place, New York.

The Southern States Magazine for June presents among other articles three valuable ones. One on "Money in Cotton Growing," by D. A. Tompkins; "Pure Water versus Malaria," by Dr. Dabney; and "Southern Newspapers and History," by Edward Ingle. Published by the Manufacturers' Record Publishing Company, Baltimore, Md.

Tales from Town Topics for June presents a number of very interesting tales, with a story complete entitled "Princess Enigma." There are several shorter stories and miscellaneous matter to interest the reader. Published by The Town Topics Publishing Company, 208 Fifth avenue, New York.

The reader will be delighted with *The Review of Reviews* for June, which is filled with interesting and instructive reading matter, copiously illustrated. In addition to other articles on current topics is an instructive one on sugar production, while "The Progress of the World" is, as usually, interesting. Address, Review of Reviews, 13 Astor Place, New York.

TWINKLINGS.

— Will you please tell me," said little Miss Cittman to the farmer, "which are the cows that give the beef tea?"—*Judge*.

— Harry—"You say Maude sings like an angel. Why, I never heard her sing at all!"

Penelope—"True; but did you ever hear an angel sing?"—*Harlem Life*.

— "I tell you, Mrs. Dunkley is carrying this new woman business too far."

"How's that?"

"Why, she even makes her husband sit in front when they go out on their tandem now.—*Fun*

— Tommie—"Auntie, mamma bought me a pair of gloves to day."

Auntie—"Did she, Tommie? What are they, kids?"

Tommie—"No, indeed; they're mens."—*Harper's Bazar*.

— Fuddy—"You call money 'stamps,' don't you?"

Duddy—And money is currency. So I suppose that when you speak of an elastic currency you refer to rubber stamps."—*Boston Transcript*.

— Dusnap—"What did your father say when you told him I loved you, my dearest?"

Miriam (tearfully)—"Oh, Ferdinand! he didn't say anything—he swore!"—*Puck*.

— French Waiter (in London restaurant to Yabsley, who has been trying to make himself understood in bill of fare)—"If ze gentleman vill talk ze language vot he was born in I vill very much better understand."—*Tit Bits*.

— Reason To Be Thankful: "Was your office-seeking trip to Washington a success?"

"Yes; in a way."

"You got a place?"

"No. But my present employers didn't dock me for the time it took to make the journey."—*Wash Star*.

Humors pimples, boils, are very annoying. They quickly disappear when the blood is purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

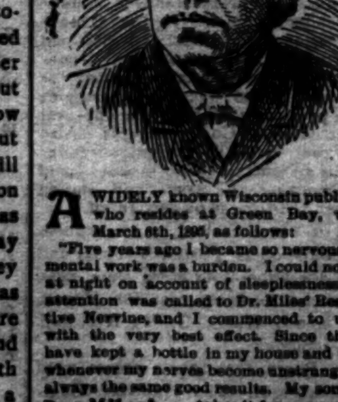
—— The friends of the Sugar Trust in the Senate may succeed in dodging the Tillman pitchfork resolution, but they will find it harder to get away from the contempt all honest men feel for that commercial variety of integrity which scorns a bribe only until it is offered through a broker as "groundfloor" profits on a Wall street gambling transaction.—*New York World, Dem.*

—— A republican paper opposes a duty on tea, because "it would be a tax, pure and simple." Just so. Duties to suit your genuine republican must have another purpose besides the one of taxation, and the other purposes is the giving of somebody or some combination, a take out. In fact, most of the duties are laid with the view of private profit first, and government revenue afterwards.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— "We don't want to be excluded from your markets," said Senor Murguiondo, the representive of Uruguay in the United States, in his speech yesterday at the International Trade Congress. "We don't want you," he continued, "to say you are glad to see us, and then kick us out." Uruguayans wish to sell us wool and hides. It is as greatly to our advantage to buy of them as it is to their advantage to sell to us. Senor Murguiondo's plea not to kicked out is respectfully referred to the people of the United States.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."



A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 6th, 1895, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nerve troubles should try it. It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to thousands." A. C. LEHMAN.

Editor and proprietor of Den Landsman.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills cure Neuralgia.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills Cure All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. [Change.

June 15 1y [illegible]

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Roanoke *Beacon*: Notwithstanding the old cry of hard times, Plymouth is on a building boom. Mr. W. J. Jackson, contractor and builder, informs us that he has now in process of construction and to erect, four more dwellings.

— Salisbury *World*: Mr. Lewis Cauble, the star route mail carrier between Salisbury and Mockville, brought in town with him yesterday afternoon a trophy of yesterday's trip. It was a snake six feet eight inches in length, and was killed three miles this side of Mocksville by Mr. Cauble. It is of the black racer variety.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Reports from different portions of the State to the Agricultural Department indicate that the damage to apples by the frosts of early spring is much greater than was at first supposed. Some correspondents put the apple crop in their section this year, as compared with last, at 5 per cent; others put it at 20.

— Rockingham *Index*: A very disastrous hail storm passed through upper Richmond last Saturday. Several large cotton farms were literally cut to pieces, and hundreds of acres have been planted over. Oats and other small grain were entirely lost, being shattered and beat into the ground. Some of the hail stones were as large as hen eggs, and remained on the ground until Sunday evening before melting.

— Winston *Sentinel*: A Government in the secret service department spent a night in Winston last week and went up to Sparta, Alleghany county, to arrest a man by the name of R. H. Thompson, who has been selling drugs at that place for several months, and who is charged with making and passing counterfeit money. Thompson was a little too smart for the secret service man he skipped before the officer arrived.

— Washington *Messenger*: Mrs. W. B. Blount, Jr., who lives about fourteen miles from this town, in Chocowinity, hearing a disturbance in her hen house this morning between 1 and 2 o'clock, went in to investigate, when without warning she was attacked and bitten on the arm by a run mad dog. The dog later, about 4 o'clock, bit several hogs and cattle of a neighbor, Mr. Oliver Evett. Mr. Evett succeeded in killing him. Mrs. Blount came to the city this afternoon for treatment.

— Sanford *Express*: Mr. John Walker, whose death was noted in the *Express* two weeks ago, bought the cloth 20 years ago that made his burial suit and covered his coffin. He requested that the cloth be used for this purpose. His wishes were granted. —— The Southern Brownstone and Construction Company will open up their quarries between Sanford and Cumnock within the next thirty days, and the *Express* is informed that they have work for three years ahead. —— J. W. Tufts, the Boston millionaire who has built the wonderful town of Pinehurst, has given orders for the construction of 40 more cottages before November 1st, also for the erection of the largest hot house in the State. The latter will be largely used for forcing early vegetables.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 8, Tuesday, Com, Holy Trinity, Hertford.
June 9, Wednesday, M P, Good Shepherd, Winfall.
June 10, 11, Thursday and Friday, Rockahock and Coleraine.
June 13, Trinity Sunday, M P, S Paul's, Edenton.
June 13, Trinity Sunday, E P, S John's, Edenton.
June 17, Thursday, M P, Holy Innocents, Avoca.
June 20, Sunday 1st after Trinity, M P, S Luke's, Washington county.
June 20, Sunday 1st after Trinity, E P, Advent, Roper.
June 23, Wednesday, M P, S Andrews, Columbia.
June 27, second Sunday after Trinity, M P, S David's, Scuppernong.
June 29, Tuesday, S Peter's day, M P, S James', Haslin.
June 30, Wednesday, M P, S Augustine's, Pantego.
July 1st, Thursday, M P, Yeatesville.
July 1st, Thursday, E P, S Thomas', Bath.
July 2, Friday, Communion, Bath.
July 4, third Sunday after Trinity, M P, S John's, Durham's Creek.
July 6, Tuesday, E P, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
July 7, Wednesday, Communion, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
July 8, Thursday, M P, S John's, Maxelyville.
July 9, Friday, E P, Sladesville.
July 11, fourth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S George's, Hyde county.
July 12 Monday, E P, Fairfield.
July 13 Tuesday, E P, Swan Quarter.
July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S Paul's, Beaufort.
July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, E P, S Clement's, Beaufort.
Com.—Communion.
E P—Evening prayer.
M P—Morning prayer.
Holy communion at all morning services.
The children catechized when practicable.
The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.
Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

Amateur Essays.

Apropos of extravagant education, there is no more utter waste, whether in board schools or those of higher class, than essay writing by children. A poultry paper quotes a little boy's effort on that subject. "Geece is a nasty anamal, for they will jump up your back and beat you with their feathers," writes this budding literary genius, and "the turkese is a large kind of hen." This may be an extreme instance, but it furnishes the text for an essay on "geece" of quite another kind.—London Sketch.

To Lighten the Room.

A room situated so that it does not get any direct sunlight, but only reflected light, may be made more cheerful if the walls are covered with a paper that has a background of some delicate yellow shade. The painted woodwork should be of a creamy tint, and with yellow india silk or muslin draperies at the windows one can almost imagine oneself in a room with a southern exposure.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

SHE'S WELL EDUCATED.

A Woman Who Has Learned Entirely by Careful Listening.

The wonderful development of certain faculties in the cases of persons who have lost the use of some of their natural functions, or of others whose faculties have not been fully developed, has long been a matter of remark, but it is not alone the outside observers who appreciate the provisions of nature for the benefit of the unfortunates. The sufferers themselves often appreciate this fully, and in some instances, after years, grow to depend so much upon their acquired faculties as to be afraid of a change, even if they have the chance of one.

An illustration of this is given by a woman in Brooklyn who never has learned to read or write. In no way could one discover this except by her own admission or by putting her to a direct test, for she is one of the best educated women in the country, conversant with languages, art, literature and all the current topics of the day. She is rich, too, and could afford all the services of the best teachers if she but chose to learn to read, but she refuses to do so.

When this woman was a child, her parents lived far from schools, so she had no chance then to learn to read or write. As a mere child she began to earn her own living, and again the chance for schooling slipped away. Then she married and the cares of a family took up her time. By the time the babies were off her hands, her husband had grown rich, and then she began her real education, and now, as a widow, she continues it. Her companions read to her and talk with her about all the topics which interest her. Years of such work have stored her mind with a rich treasure of knowledge, and there is not a page of a book that has been read to her that she is not familiar with. Her stores of knowledge are at her instant command. Why will she not learn to read? Because, she says, she fears that this wonderful memory, which is now such a treasure house to her, might be impaired if she were to do anything to weaken the demands upon it.

What such a memory can do is well illustrated in the case of a tailor of this city who cannot read or write. He is probably the most widely known man in his business here, as for many years he has done business with New York's firemen and policemen. Almost every man of these two bodies has dealings with this tailor, and each month between the first and the tenth days he visits every station house and engine and truck house in this city to collect his dues. He has acquired considerable wealth, and it is said of him that in all the years he has dealt with the firemen and policemen he never was known to make a mistake of a cent in any man's account, although all his records of transactions have been kept in his head.—New York Sun.

WHEN GRANT WAS POOR.

A Time In His Career When He Needed the Wherewithal.

General W. H. L. Barnes, one of the leaders of the San Francisco bar, at a meeting of the California commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, told the following story about General Grant. It was told years ago to General Barnes by Captain Richard L. Ogden, once a clerk in the office of the United States quartermaster at San Francisco, and General Barnes recently copied it from Captain Ogden's diary.

It was that when Grant resigned his commission as captain, at the age of 32, being then in Oregon, he went to San Francisco on his way home and presented to Captain Ogden a certificate of per diem service on a court martial amounting to about $40. The certificate was incorrectly drawn, and Grant with a look of despair asked Captain Ogden's permission to sleep on the lounge in the latter's office, saying he had not a cent to his name. He slept on the rickety office lounge, and Ogden agreed to cash the certificate personally and to send it back to Oregon for correction. Grant had expected to buy passage for himself to New York in the steerage, but Ogden went with him to the Pacific Mail steamship office and procured for him a cabin passage pass, or what was the nearest to it the steamship company could give, for Grant had to pay his railroad fare across the isthmus. This, however, left him $15, and Grant was very grateful.

The diary quotes him as saying to Captain Ogden: "This is a great luxury and what I did not expect, and I am indebted to you for it. The prospect of ever being able to reciprocate is certainly remote, but strange things happen in this world, and there is no knowing."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Size of the Congressional Library.

Founded in the year 1800 by the modest appropriation of $5,000 "for the purchase of such books as may be necessary for the use of congress at the said city of Washington," this collection has grown, notwithstanding the ravages of two fires, to the present aggregate of 740,000 volumes. The acquisition of the Jefferson library in 1815, the Force Historical library in 1865, the Smithsonian library in 1867 and the Toner collection in 1882, all constituted specially important and valuable accessions to its stores. And by the enactment of the copyright law of 1870, followed by the international copyright act of 1891, this library became entitled to receive two copies of all books, periodicals and other publications claiming the protection of copyright in the United States.—A. R. Spofford in Century.

Educating the Boy.

Every boy should have his head, his heart and his hand educated. Let this truth never be forgotten. By the proper education of the head he will be taught what is good and what is evil, what is wise and what is foolish, what is right and what is wrong. By the proper education of the heart he will be taught to love what is good, wise and right and to hate what is evil, foolish and wrong. And by proper education of the hand he will be enabled to supply his wants, to add to his comforts and to assist those around him. The highest objects of a good education are to reverence and obey God and to love and serve mankind. When wisdom reigns in the head and love in the heart, the man is ever ready to do good; order and peace reign around, and sin and sorrow are almost unknown.—New York Ledger.

The north of Ireland is aroused in resistance to the project of fencing in the approaches to the Giant's Causeway with a view to levy toll on sightseers.

Germany has one doctor to 1,500 of population, France one to 3,167, the United Kingdom one to 1,234, but the United States 1 to 600.

There Is Nothing So Good.

There is nothing just as good as Dr King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is any better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest and Lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. †

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache, insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

PREFERRED PICK LEAF.

FARMER—Uncle Rufus, if you cut that wood I'll give you a nice turkey for your Sunday dinner.

UNCLE RUFUS—Thanks, Boss, but I'd rather hab Pick Leaf; I kin git all the fowl I want.

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Lunch For Business Girls.

"The putting up of the cold lunch is no easy matter, as many mothers realize when they find the question before them," writes Phebe Westcott Humphreys in The Ladies' Home Journal. "The wise mother, however, is ever on the alert, and many savory compounds, in the way of potted meats, etc., are prepared in connection with the home cookery that are quickly sliced and invitingly arranged in the lunch basket and help to form a plentiful, nourishing lunch. The first consideration in preparing these lunches should be healthfulness, yet daintiness is of equal importance. It is an easy matter to make the home luncheon attractive, even when served cold. The white table linen and attractive table appointments seem to impart a certain 'relish' to the food.

"One of the first requisites for a dainty lunch should be a lunch box or basket that can be readily scalded and kept sweet and clean, and waxed paper and Japanese napkins, or a quantity of linen napkins, to separate the articles of food. Waxed paper is especially important, as pickles, sandwiches, cake or anything that is wrapped in it may be kept fresh without destroying the flavor of the other. A corner in the dresser drawer well stocked with these papers, with the doilies, etc., and the small glasses, with tight fitting lids, should be a part of the regular kitchen furnishing in every home where cold lunches are to be put up each day."

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July. R. C. BEAMAN, Presiding Elder.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	@	6
Standard	@	5¾
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ lb	12 @	14
Sides ℔ lb	6 @	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6 @	8¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ lb	@	5½
Shoulders ℔ lb	4½ @	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	1 30 @	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	23 @	23
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ lb	10 @	16
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	45 @	47½
Virginia Meal	45 @	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—℔ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—		
Northern Factory	11 @	12½
Dairy, Cream	12 @	13
State	@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—		
Laguyra	20 @	
Rio	8½ @	18
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	8 @	9
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	18 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00 @	3 [illegible]
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 50
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	3 35 @	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade	3 50 @	4 00
Choice	@	4 50
Straight	4 60 @	5 00
First Patent	5 50 @	5 75
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	45 @	47½
Car load, in bags—White	@	45
Oats, from store	30 @	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	43½ @	45
Cow Peas	50 @	90
HIDES, ℔ lb—		
Green	@	8
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—		
Clover Hay	80 @	85
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	90 @	95
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	@	3
LARD, ℔ lb—		
Northern	5½ @	6
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hhds	@	[illegible]
" " in bbls	@	[illegible]
Porto Rico, in hhds	[illegible] @	[illegible]
" " in bbls	@	[illegible]
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	14 @	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 50 @	1 60
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	9 50
Rump	@	9 00
Prime	@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ lb	10 @	[illegible]
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	60
Lisbon	@	[illegible]
American	@	[illegible]
On 125 lb Sacks	[illegible] @	[illegible]
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 50 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 00
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd	@	[illegible]
Standard A	@	[illegible]
White Ex. C	@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	@	[illegible]
C. Yellow	@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½ @	[illegible]
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	[illegible]
Mill, Prime	@	[illegible]
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	[illegible]
Common Mill	4 00 @	[illegible]
Inferior to Ordinary	@	[illegible]
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00 @	[illegible]
" Sap	5 00 @	[illegible]
TALLOW, ℔ lb	4 @	[illegible]
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	[illegible]
North Carolina	1 00 @	[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 28, 31½c; rosin firm, $1 32½, 1 37½; tar firm, $1 05 bid; crude turpentine quiet, $1 30, 1 70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	133
Rosin	358
Tar	131
Crude Turpentine	40

Receipts same day last year—101 casks spirits turpentine, 284 bbls rosin, 30 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market steady on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼	cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6¼	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7⅜	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year 0.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 7—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was not quoted. Sterling exchange steady, actual business in bankers' bills at 487 for demand and 485¾@486 for sixty days. Posted rates 486½@487 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 485½. Silver certificates 60@60⅜. Government bonds were firm; fives, registered, 113⅝; fives, coupon, 113⅝; fours registered, 110⅝; fours, coupon, 113⅛; twos, registered, 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 124; North Carolina fours 105. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Rosin steady, strained common to good $1 70@1 75. Spirits turpentine steady at 27@27½c.

SAVANNAH, June 7.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼, with sales of 307 casks; receipts 296 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged, sales 3,753 barrels; receipts 4,309 barrels.

CHARLESTON, June 7.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25, sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales 800 barrels; B, C, D $1 25 E F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 85, W G $2 00 W W $2 25.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 7.—With the Liverpool cotton market closed since Friday, the local cotton market was inactive and featureless throughout the session. The market opened dull but firm at a nominal advance of 3 to 4 points, according to bids brought out on the first call. No business was done on the first call until December was reached, and then but 100 bales December changed hands at 6⅞c. This constituted the entire trading on the call. Up to 12 m, sales had reached only 9,000 bales, and for the entire session but 14,800 bales. The market closed dull but steady at a net advance of 2 to 4 points.

NEW YORK, June 7—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 7 11-16c.

Cotton futures closed dull but steady; sales 14,800 bales; January 6 81, February 6 84, March 6 88, May —, June 7 19, July 7 23, August 7 19, September 6 94, October 6 77, November 6 75, December 6 78.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 7 11-16c; middling gulf 7 15 16c; sales of 2,546 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 4,493 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,143 bales; to France 103 bales; to the Continent 3,437 bales; forwarded 2,898 bales; sales 2,546 bales; sales to spinners 480 bales; stock (actual) 138,656 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 785 bales; exports to Great Britain 2 143 bales; to France 100 bales; to the Continent 8,565 bales; stock 280,934 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 1,972 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,260 bales; to France 100 bales; to the Continent 21,793 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6 566,242 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,955,891 bales; exports to France 685,061 bales; exports to the Continent 2,061,337 bales; to the Channel 5,461 bales.

June 7.—Galveston, quiet at 7¼ net receipts 76 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7 9-16, net receipts 244 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 7⅞, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 7 11-16, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 7¼, net receipts 1 bale; Philadelphia, firm at 7 15-16, net receipts 3 bales; Savannah, dull at 7¼, net receipts 48 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7¼, net receipts 387 bales; Mobile, nominal at 7¼, net receipts 14 bales; Memphis, dull at 7 3-16, net receipts 120 bales; Augusta, steady at 7¾, net receipts 8 bales; Charleston, steady at 7¼, net receipts 13 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 7—Evening.—Flour firm; Minnesota bakers' $3 40@3 55; winter patents $4 50@4 65. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 1 Northern New York 76½c afloat and on spot; No. 1 Northern Duluth 77⅝c afloat to arrive; options opened steady and later advanced on cold weather West and covering by shorts, easing off slightly in the afternoon under realizing, closing ⅛@⅝c net higher; No. 2 red June closed at 74¼c; July 72 13-16@73 7-16c, closed at 73⅜c; September 69⅛@69 15-16c, closed at 69⅝c. Corn—spot firm; No. 2 29¾c at elevator and 31¼c nominal afloat; options opened very steady and ruled generally firm all day, closing ⅛c net higher; June closed at 29¼c; July closed 29¼c; August closed at 30c. Oats—spot dull; No. 2 21¼@22; options dull and nominally higher; July closed at 22c. Lard steady; Western steam $3 80; July $3 80, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $4 10; South American $4 00; compound $3 87¼@4 12½. Pork was dull. Butter was steady at quotations; Western creamery 11@15c; do. factory 7½@10½c; Elgins 15c; imitation creamery 9½@12c; State dairy 10@14½c; do. creamery 11@15. Cheese steadier; State large 8½c; small 7⅜@8c; Western, part skims 4@5½c; full skims 2½@3c. Eggs were quiet; State and Pennsylvania 11@11½; Western fresh 10@10½c; Southern $2 40@2 55 per 30 dozen cases. Tallow quiet; city ($2 package) 3c; country (packages free) 3½c, as to quality. Cotton seed oil dull; prime crude 20c; do yellow 23½c. Petroleum dull. Rice steady. Molasses steady. Potatoes steady; Northern $2 50; sweets $1 25@2 00; Southern new $3 50@4 50. Cabbages per barrel or crate 90c@$1 00. Coffee—Spot Rio firmer; Cordova 11¼@17½c, sales of 3,500 bags old Rio, good roasters, Nos. 5, 6 and 7 on a basis of 8¼c for No. 6. cost and freight; 2 200 bags Maracaibo, P. T.; 3,400 bags Central American, P. T.; 400 bags Bucaramanga, P. T. Sugar—raw strong; fair refining 2⅞c; centrifugal 96 test 3⅜; refined sugar strong; mould A 4⅞; standard A 4¼c; confectioners' A 4¼c; cut-loaf and crushed 5¼c; powdered 5c; granulated 4⅝c; cubes 4⅞c.

BALTIMORE, June 7.—Flour dull; Western superfine $2 50@2 75; do extra $3 00@3 75, do family $4 00@4 40; do winter wheat patents $4 50@4 70; do spring $4 10@4 30; do straight $3 85@4 00. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red spot and June 76⅛@76½c; July 70@70¼c; August 68⅛@68½c. Corn firmer; mixed spot and June 28¼@28⅝c; July 28¼@28⅜c; August 28⅞@29½c; September 29⅝c bid; steamer mixed 27@27¼c; Southern white 31¼@32c; do yellow 30c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 27½@28c; No 2 mixed 24@24½c.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Pawnee, 859 tons, Hale, New York, H G Smallbones.

Arrived at Southport for coal, steamer Margaret, bound North.

CLEARED.

Schr Jennie E Simmons, 271 tons, Daugherty, Derby, Conn, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

DERBY, CONN—Schr Jennie E Simmons—261,397 feet lumber; vessel by Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Hilton Lumber Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 8, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Tacoma (Br), 209 tons, Matheson, Jas T Riley & Co.
Senator Sullivan, 654 tons, Crockett, Geo Harriss Son & Co.
R S Graham, 330 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Colin Archer (Nor), 657 tons, Nielsen, Paterson, Downing & Co.
Lilly (Swed), 506 tons, Kastman, Jas T Riley & Co.

Attention!

Sportsmen AND Tourists!

—THE—

Seaboard Air Line

Reaches All the Famous

Hunting and Fishing Grounds

—OF—

Virginia and the Carolinas.

Commencing June 1st.

Summer Tourist Tickets On Sale at all Stations.
Stop Over Privileges Allowed All Tourists.

Sportsmen's Bicycles Carried Free.

SOLID PULLMAN VESTIBULED LIMITED —TRAINS—

Train Service Unequalled.

NO EXTRA FARES.

E. St. John, V. P. and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. Glover, Traffic Manager.
T. J. Anderson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.
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UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Loans made on real estate.

DUCROS ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED AS

A REMEDY FOR LUNG DISEASES

AND AS A

Preventive for Typhoid, Malaria.

And all kinds of Fever.

Agts: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

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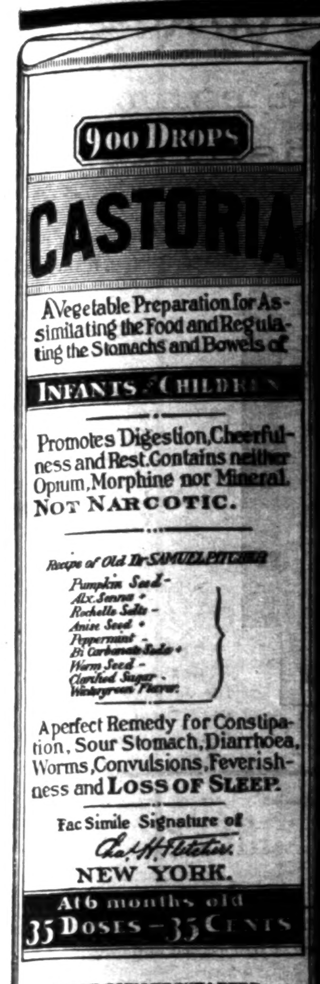

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SEEING THE ELEPHANT.

How It Was Done by Some New Hampshire Boys In 1821.

Mr. Briggs asks leave to tell a New Hampshire elephant story. He was brought up in Keene, and there, in August, 1821, every boy was excited by the sight of placards announcing the advent of "a great natural curiosity," nothing less than "a living female elephant"—"admittance 12½ cents; children half price."

The days of Barnum had not yet come, and so far as Mr. Briggs knows, this was the first elephant that ever set foot in the Granite State. Of course every boy was bound to see it. But how? Ninepences did not grow on every bush, and some scheming was necessary. The boys "got together in convention," like a committee of ways and means, and not without result.

The elephant was exhibited in the daytime and was driven from town to town in the darkness of night. The boys found out in some way that it would be driven into Keene over a certain road—Prison street. On this road, at a point about half a mile from the hotel, was a large common, and half a mile farther away was a bridge over Beaver brook. The boys laid their plans to see the elephant at the expense of a wagon load of shavings and a peck of potatoes.

These were deposited on the common. Then boys were stationed at short intervals along the road, beginning at the bridge. The moment the elephant arrived at the bridge the first boy was to shout "Hello!" at the top of his voice and start on the run for the common. The next boy, hearing the shout, was to do likewise, and so on down the line.

Well, the night came, and with it the elephant. But when the first boy saw it, he was literally struck dumb with astonishment. As he could not shout, he waited to see the creature cross the bridge. When she put her foot on it, however, she felt that it was not safe and refused to proceed, and the men in charge had to drive her through the stream.

By this time the sentry had recovered his voice, and with a vigorous "Hello!" started down the road. Before the elephant reached the common the boys were all there and the shavings were in a blaze. By the light of the fire the elephant caught sight of the pile of potatoes, and no persuasion could get her past them till they were devoured.

And there stood the boys looking on, with their money, if they had any, safe in their pockets.

Mr. Briggs declares that this line of boys was the original telephone, and that the modern instrument dates back to this nocturnal New Hampshire beginning he proves by the fact that the word "Hello" is still the telephone signal the country over.—Youth's Companion.

MR. RUST GETS A LETTER.

Delayed Because Addressed to Him Under His Chemical Name.

As curious a letter as has been received in Kansas City for many months reached the postoffice recently, and after a great display of learning on the part of some of the clerks it was finally delivered to the man for whom it was intended. The distributing clerk who first got hold of the letter looked at it in despair. It was plainly evident that the writer of the letter had been burning the midnight oil in an attempt to baffle the postoffice force.

The first line contained the letters "J. S. FE2O3." The letters were plain enough, but what did they mean? The next line began with a large A, then there was a carefully executed drawing of what had the appearance of a barber's comb, then a small a, and finally a representation of a house, drawn by one whose early education had been sadly neglected.

What should have been the third line of the address was in the shape of a more or less accurate map of Kansas City, showing the junction of the streets in that vicinity. The last line was another map, showing the boundaries of the state of Missouri.

It was plain enough that the letter was for some one who lived in the state of Missouri and in Kansas City. It did not take a great stretch of imagination to discover that the comb and the sketch of a house had some vague reference to the Acoma building. So far it was easy sailing, but who was the mysterious "J. S. FE2O3?"

After puzzling his brain for a long time, without any good result, the clerk took the letter to Night Clerk Canfield, who is supposed to be able to guess all sorts of conundrums.

"I can tell you a part of it," said he. "I can tell you that 'FE2O3' are the chemical symbols for ferric oxide. Now if you can find out who he is you are all right."

Still the distributing clerk was unable to solve the question. He went about asking every one what he knew about ferric oxide. He finally encountered one man who was more of a chemist than the others, and he imparted to him the information that ferric oxide in common parlance is called "rust."

That is how J. S. Rust received the letter over which his friend in Conception, Mo., had spent so much time.—Kansas City Times.

HE GOT HIS ANSWER.

But It Was Very Different From What He Had Expected.

As the train pulled out of Chicago a quiet, gentlemanly looking man entered the buffet car, and, ensconcing himself in a comfortable chair, drew out a long cigar and entered deeply into his paper. He remained so quiet and retained his seat so long that another passenger, whose bearing distinctly stamped him as a commercial traveling man, one of the kind full of chatter and curiosity, could no longer restrain himself. Addressing the quiet gentleman, he inquired, "Traveling east?"

Slowly removing his cigar, the gentleman turned and looked at his questioner with slightly elevated eyebrows, replying, "Yes."

"New York?"

"Yes."

"Pleasure?"

"Yes and no."

"Great place, New York. Ever been there before?"

"No."

"I'm going home this trip—New York, you know."

The gentleman made no reply, but resumed his paper. After a little silence the commercial man began again.

"I'm with C. & Co., on Broadway. If you drop in, I'll show you over the city."

"Thank you, it will not be necessary!"

"Excuse me, but might I ask what you're going to New York for?"

By this time most of the other passengers were interested. The gentleman, who was extremely annoyed at the drummer's curiosity, laid down his paper and exclaimed:

"I'm going to New York, first, because the train is taking me there; second, because I've got lots of money and can afford it, and, last, because if I like the place I intend to buy it."

The commercial man subsided amid a roar of laughter.—Philadelphia Times.

O'Connell's Hat.

At a meeting of the County Kildare Archaeological society a hat worn by Daniel O'Connell was exhibited. O'Connell's name, in his own handwriting, was written on the inside of the hat, which was of large dimensions, the width inside being 8 1-2 inches and its longer diameter 10 inches. The chairman of the meeting put on the hat, which entirely covered his head and went down to his chin.

A Heavy Contract.

Brother Johnson—Yes, sah, we'se a-gwine to fight de debil wif fire.

Brother Jackson—But youse all has got to remember de ole man's got a powerful lot of ammunition hisself.—Yale Record.

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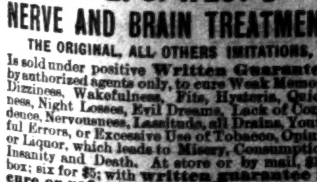

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THE FAIRY WIFE.

What will I do the long days through that see not you, ma gilli mar?
How shall I bring the heart to sing amid the folk that deathless are?
We loved ten years, and now no tears your fairy wife can find to shed.
Ma gilli mar, now you go far on a path her feet can never tread.

Mavrone, mavrone, that I make my moan from a breast like stone, ma gilli mar!
No tears to shed on your golden head, and the lips that laughed and silent are!
You chose me out from the fairy rout, you gave me sorrow and hope and fear,
And now I lean by your bed and keen and wish you had given me death, my dear.

What will I do the long days through of years that you know not, machree?
My fairy birth is crossed with earth, and my kindred's mirth is strange to me.
The laughter wild of my fairy child that never smiled in her father's face
Pricks through my heart while I walk apart where shadows brood in his sleeping place.

Why would you give me, that must live for weary years, to fade like dew,
The gift to know earth's joy and woe, but not to go to the grave with you?
Ma gilli mar, your way lies far by never a star that might light my feet,
Yet had but I the gift to die it's the same night that we two would meet.

—Nora Hopper in New York Tribune.

A Truthful Assertion.

There is a young man of this city who is as chronically light and happy, gay and free as a comic opera chorus. Nothing can stop the sparkling ripple of his good spirits. His disposition enables him to remember occasions such as drive others to the verge of despair with joyous enthusiasm. He was walking along the avenue, arm in arm with a friend, when he stopped suddenly and called attention to a plain, middle aged man who was coming out of an office building.

"Did you ever see him before?" he asked.

"Never," replied the friend.

"He looks a gret deal like anybody else, doesn't he?"

"He assuredly does."

"He's one of the people you'd pass in a crowd without looking at twice, isn't he?"

"Undoubtedly."

"You'd never have thought that man had kept me sitting for hours at a time in open mouthed astonishment, would you?"

"Never."

"But he has. And I'm sure there are other people who will tell the same story."

"What is he—a lecturer?"

"Not that I know of."

"Maybe he's a parlor magician?"

"No. He isn't even the advance agent of a show. He's a dentist."—Washington Star.

X Ray Humors.

A negro, familiar with chicken coops, who had heard of the illuminating power of the X rays, consulted a doctor to learn whether they could reveal whose chicken he had eaten. Listener of the Boston Transcript tells of a boy who also had confidence in the ability of the rays to make apparent hidden things.

A little 13-year-old boy who has been the victim of hip trouble and of several operations, so that he at least may be pardoned for thinking and talking about surgery, heard that a small friend of his was in danger of having to undergo an operation for some trouble in the stomach, and he said gravely to the child's mother:

"Well, if I were you, Mrs. D., I'd first get intimate with Mr. Edison and look through his cathode ray into Tom's stomach and find out what's there before I operated."

Large Shop.

Among the stories told of early Californian days is one which gives a remarkable picture of a blacksmith shop.

In the days before roads had been laid out and sawmills built a blacksmith settled on one of the river bars, and, erecting a forge of clay and stones, set the anvil on a big tree stump, which he had sawed low for that purpose, and did a thriving business sharpening the picks and drills of the miners.

He was himself a miner and did his blacksmithing almost entirely at night. Not knowing when his claim might fail or be disputed and be forced to move on to another place, he did not think it worth his while to build a regular shop.

One day two of the miners left the bar for a town some 90 miles away. As they came into the main trail leading to the blacksmith's haunt they met a man leading a horse which had lost a shoe and was stumbling badly.

"Strangers," said the man in a weary tone, "can you tell me how far it is to the blacksmith's shop? My horse has lost a shoe, and he's mighty lame."

"Well, now," said one of the miners, leaning forward and smiling in a most encouraging way, "don't you be for givin up. You're in the blacksmith's shop now, though I'm bound to tell you it's about three miles before you'll strike the anvil."—Youth's Companion.

An Easy Victim.

Flips is back from Chicago and the experience following is gradually gaining circulation among his friends. Flips is one of those men for whom flies are supposed to have no affinity. He knows the ins and outs of the world. He rather likes to encounter the people who live by their wits and show them that he can beat their many games.

Flips walked into one of the big hotels of the Breezy City, shook hands with the clerk as an old acquaintance, wrote his name with an extra flourish, had a room assigned him and was half way to the door when he was stopped by a fine looking man with extended hand. He called Flips by name, asked after several Detroit people and showed a disposition to keep up talk. But Flips declined to thaw out, winked at the clerk and congratulated himself that he knew a bunko artist when he saw the article.

The stranger passed through to the bar and Flips was at once accosted by a large, well dressed, rather long haired young fellow. "Did that man try his game on you?" was the salutation. "Out our way he wouldn't last long. But it's different here. Let's follow him and see if we can't land him."

"Oh, what's the use. It isn't worth the time," and Flips looked superior. Then the two fell into conversation and Flips was delightfully entertained by the stories of the westerner. At length they went out together just to look about. In the morning Flips waked up in one chair while his feet occupied another. It was a dingy place in a dingy neighborhood. He dived for his watch to ascertain the time. It was not there. He felt for his money. It must have gone with his watch. He hurried to the hotel. There he met the first stranger of the night before, an old Detroit boy. He lent Flips what he needed.—Detroit Free Press.

Curry the Farm Horses.

Horses on the farm do not have the sleek look that horses in the city liveries have. Neither will they accomplish so much work. The difference is partly owing to the fact that the horse in the city has a large proportion of grain, while the farm horse, even while working, gets most of his nutrition from hay. But grooming has also a great deal to do with the superior slickness of the city horse's coat. The currycomb is not so much used as it should be on farm horses.

We know, says The Prince Edward Island Agriculturist, many places where the brush and currycomb are seldom used, except while the horse is shedding his coat. But used at any time it promotes the secretion of oil, which moistens the coat and makes it shine. A well groomed horse is usually well fed. But if the grooming were thoroughly done at least once a day, the horse would keep in good condition with less food than it now receives.

Good grooming undoubtedly aids digestion, as rubbing the body promotes digestion in people, and is an excellent substitute for exercise for those who do little muscular work.

A Wonderful Blind Pianist.

Signor Arturo Nuttini is a blind pianist who is not a freak, but a player of remarkable ability. He was born in Florence 33 years ago and became totally blind in his first year, but he now plays the most difficult rhapsodies of Liszt, sonatas of Beethoven and other classical compositions with wonderful technic and expression. While Paderewski and his contemporaries play Liszt's "Hungarian Rhapsodie No. 6," one of the most difficult compositions, in a transposed key, Signor Nuttini plays it in the original key—six sharps.

The way Signor Nuttini learns his pieces is curious. He has a little machine, consisting of a flat metal board, in which there are tiny grooves, over which he fits a sheet of thick paper, and, with the aid of a little ruler and awl, perforates all his music in a peculiar manner as his interpreter reads it from the regular staff. No music is too intricate for him to copy, and often after once copying the composition he can play it without first running his sensitive fingers over the perforations.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Did His Best.

If a servant obeys orders as far as he can and does his work correctly as far as he goes, what more can be expected? And yet the result is not always satisfactory, even to reasonable employers. Here is a story of a lady who owns a large and handsome dog, of which she is very fond, and perhaps a little proud. The other day she sent him out to the stable to be weighed, confiding the operation to a new servant, who looked upon the powerful animal with considerable awe. The man was gone a surprisingly long time, but at last reappeared and announced that the dog weighed 100 pounds.

"One hundred pounds!" repeated the lady. "Are you sure you weighed him right? He must weigh more than that."

"Oh, yes, marm, sure an I weighed him right, but I couldn't get him all on the scales."—Strand Magazine.

What She Wanted to Be.

All the children except Nonie were going to play "menagerie." Nonie wanted to sleep, but the others wished her to join in.

Jack was to be a lion, he said. Tom wanted to represent a camel, and the others all made choice.

"Nonie, what do you want to be?"

Nonie drowsily answered, "Oh, I want to be a—a"—

"Well, what is it?" impatiently yelped Jack.

And faintly came the answer, "I want to be a—a—a—sleep."—Pittsburg News.

The Center Table.

Some one recently has spoken a word in favor of the old time center table, and it would indeed be a good thing could it be restored. The very presence of its bright lamp, its periodicals and its books suggests sociability and delightful intercourse. The very opportunity it offers for the drawing up of many chairs is a silent invitation, and it so possesses a subtle charm that is all its own. What we most need in our modern social life are informal gatherings where companionship can be enjoyed without the preparation and the fuss attendant upon a dinner or a reception. And, as the center table may properly be called a promoter of just such happy homes, it would be well were it once more given a place.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Following Precedent.

"I'm too practical to do as heroes do in books, Miss Slight, so I'll just ask you bluntly, will you be my wife?"

"No, thank you, Mr. Terse. I myself don't believe in those silly, bookish notions, and as the silly heroines always say yes, why, I'll tell you bluntly, no, sir, I won't."—Philadelphia North American.

It was the belief of Livingstone that nearly all lions were "left handed." He watched them closely, and when they desired to strike a fierce blow they always used the left paw.

The popular belief that the sap of trees goes down into the roots in winter and rises again in the spring is false.

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THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1897.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9 00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 3.40 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.15 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.41 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.15 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.40 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.40 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.05 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.18 a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.20 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9.42 a m, Rowland 10.00 a m. returning leaves Rowland 6.10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.40 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7.48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.55 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Cheraw 10.40 a m, Wadesboro 2.25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9.25 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10.10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6.30 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.29 p m, arrive Florence 7.00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.43 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.40 a m, Creston 5.32 a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.55 p m, Creston 5.47 p m, Sumter 6.40 p m. Daily.

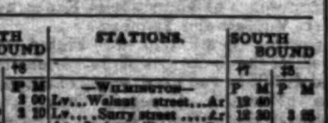
Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrive Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.05 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

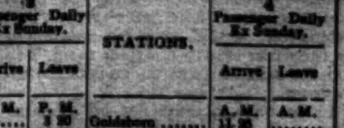
NORTH BOUND *5	†6	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	*5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv...Surry street ....Ar	12 30	3 35
9 00		Ar..Jacksonville Lv		12 05
11 00	3 56	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 35
11 55	4 30	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar..Newbern Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

8 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 19	Kinston...........	10 22	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 25
6 37	6 42	Morehead City....	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE. S. A. L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

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ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 14 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 33 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 1?pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 25am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 09am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 20am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 53pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 35pm

†6 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave †5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 403.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	6 56pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 53pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 79 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 51 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*4 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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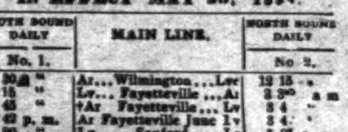
6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
E. St. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT MAY 30, 1897.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No 2.
4 30 p m	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	12 15 a
1 15 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	3 30 a m
12 45 "	†Ar Fayetteville...Lv	3 4? "
12 42 p. m.	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	3 4? "
11 20 "	Lv ....Sanford.....Lv	5 05 p. m
9 29 "	Lv......Climax.......Lv	6 14 "
9 00 "	Lv....Greensboro....Ar	7 5 "
8 4? "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	7 4? "
7 52 "	Lv....Stokesdale.....Lv	8 22 "
7 19 "	Lv..Walnut Cove...Lv	9 42 "
6 50 "	Lv....Rural Hall....Lv	9 20 "
5 45 a m	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	?1 10 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 45 a. m
6 15 "	Lv......Maxton......Ar	9 10 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 37 "
5 02 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 26 "
4 45 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	?0 50

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
8 25 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	7 40 a.
6 57 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	9 23 "
5 45 "	Lv ...Greensboro....Ar	10 20 "

NORTH BOUND	No. 16 MIXED daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	10 55 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	12 24 "
Arrive Madison	1 10 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	2 10 p m
Leave Stokesdale	3 05 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 30 "

†MEALS.

CONNECTIONS

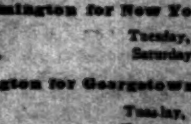
At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with Southern Railway, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

my 25 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE, Wednesday, June 2
CROATAN, Wednesday, June 5

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE, Tuesday, June 8
CROATAN, Saturday, June 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA, Tuesday, June 1
CROATAN, Tuesday, June 8

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je 1 tf

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1897

SITUATION IN CUBA.

THE ISLAND DEVASTATED BY CRUEL RELENTLESS WAR.

Story Told by Special Commissioner Calhoun on His Arrival in New York City—Consul General Lee Will Make Official Report to the Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 7.—William J. Calhoun, who was sent to Cuba as a special commissioner to investigate the circumstances of the death in prison of Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen, reached this city on his return to-day. He was accompanied by George W. Fishback, his secretary, and Charles M. Pepper, a Washington newspaper correspondent, who went to Cuba with the commissioner.

Mr. Calhoun said that the commission held three sittings between May 20th and June 1st, at Havana, Reglus and Guonabacco. The papers examined in the case were chiefly military records. The final report will be made at Washington by General Lee.

In a conversation Mr. Calhoun said: "The island of Cuba is rapidly being devastated by a relentless, cruel and bitter civil war, so that in a short time it will not be worth anything to any one. It is difficult to get at the exact situation there. In the first place there is a severe censorship of the press, and those who are naturally friendly to the Cubans, hardly dare to express their views and opinions. Furthermore, the adherents of both sides are exceedingly intense. They tell their stories just as they want you to believe them. From the Spanish point of view, the island is practically pacified and from that of the Cubans, the insurgents never were in better shape than they now are."

"Did you go into the interior of the island?" asked the reporter.

"Yes. I went from Havana to Matanzas. While both are on the seacoast, still to go from one point to the other by rail it takes you through a large part of interior country. I also made several short trips from Havana in other directions."

"What is the condition of the country?"

"It seems to be entirely depopulated, and there are no signs of any buildings standing except at the railroad stations. These, by the way, are practically forts. I was generally informed that the same condition of affairs exists throughout Cuba—from Havana to Pinar del Rio, except in the extreme eastern end. There is where the Cubans get their supplies and their cattle. They control that section now. It was the portion of the island which held out ten years in the last war. Cuba is undoubtedly a magnificent country. It is rich and beautiful, and the soil responds bountifully to the seed.

"While I am not called upon to make any formal report to the President, because I acted merely as counsel to General Lee, in the Ruiz case, still I may be asked to tell Mr. McKinley and the Secretary of State of the things which I have seen and heard in my brief trip to the island of Cuba. In that case, I readily will do so."

"At the sessions of the commission," Mr. Calhoun said, in response to a reporter's questioning, "we examined several witnesses, but when you ask me if they were plentiful I can only say that they did not run after us and we had to use no force to keep them away. They were composed of Spaniards and Cubans. The Spanish witnesses, and in fact all of those who testified, were so surrounded with safeguards that it was impossible to get at the naked truth. One person whom we would have liked to hear could not be found. This was Fondsdeviela, who commanded the Spanish in the Guanabacoa territory. He disappeared and it was impossible to find him. Captain General Weyler did not put in an appearance at the investigation. We inspected the jail at Guanabacoa, and when we were there it was suspiciously clean. We learned that Dr. Ruiz was arrested on February 4th, charged with having some connection in an insult which took place in a railroad train between Guanabacoa and Havana. He was placed in solitary confinement, or as it is known there, he was incommunicado. Thirteen days later he was taken out of his cell on account of his mental and physical condition. It was then found that he was suffering from a severe wound on the head, and he died two hours after he had been released from the cell, in which the secret of the injury is buried. The question of the deceased doctor's American citizenship was never denied. The autopsy showed that he died from congestion of the brain. His remains are interred at Guanabacoa. We had no positive or direct proof of any assault whatever, and the conclusion arrived at must be based on the detailed evidence in the report of Consul General Lee, which is now on its way to Washington. I, myself, will make no report and I prefer not to say anything as to my idea of the affair until the report is given to the public by the proper authorities at Washington. I shall go to Washington to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock."

Mr. Calhoun said that he had been treated courteously while in Cuba by all those with whom he came in contact. His visit was a very pleasant one, but owing to the bad weather which prevailed during his stay he was unable to visit the interior.

Mr. George W. Fishback, who is Mr. Calhoun's secretary, was reticent when spoken to in reference to his trip, but he made one significant statement: "We did not go within the insurgent lines, but all the insurgents, however, are not within the lines."

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Mr. Calhoun, the special counsel for the United States in the Ruiz case, is expected here to-morrow. In view of the fact that the President leaves Washington the day following for Nashville, it is possible that Mr. Calhoun will be invited to accompany the President on the special train a part of the way at least, in order to afford opportunity to make a verbal report upon the results of his visit to Cuba. There is no expectation at the State Department that any immediate results will follow Mr. Calhoun's return, for the preparation of his report (if it is deemed best to put his observations on paper subject to a Congressional call) will probably consume some time.

Ex-Congressman Frank Aldrich, of Chicago, is in the city. His purpose in visiting Washington at this time is to consult with Special Commissioner Calhoun respecting affairs in the island of Cuba. While Mr. Aldrich declines to commit himself in any way it is confidently believed by his friends that he has been selected by President McKinley for the office of Consul General of Cuba, and that he will relieve General Lee before long.

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HOOD'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic and liver medicine. Price 25c. †

TARIFF BILL DEBATE.

A BREEZY DISCUSSION ON THE LUMBER PARAGRAPH.

The Sugar Schedule Reached—Tobacco Schedule to Be Considered To-day—Unimportant Proceedings in the House of Representatives.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The Senate to-day disposed of the lumber paragraph, which has been more stubbornly contested than any feature of the bill thus far, by defeating the motion of Senator Vest to place white pine on the free list—yeas, 20; nays, 38. The contest was mainly significant in breaking party lines which have been maintained with few exceptions during the early stages of the debate. On the final vote eight Democratic Senators voted against Mr. Vest's proposition, namely, Messrs. Bacon and Clay, of Georgia; McEnery, of Louisiana; McLaurin and Tillman, of South Carolina; Martin, of Virginia, Rawlins, of Utah and White. On the other haud, Mr. Carter, Republican, and Messrs. Cannon and Mantle, Silver Republicans, voted for the Vest motion. Following this a vote to substitute the Wilson lumber schedule was defeated, 31—37, and the schedule was agreed to as reported.

The debate preceding the vote was at times very breezy, owing to the break of political lines.

The consideration of the Tariff bill was resumed soon after the session opened and the discussion proceeded on the paragraph placing a duty of $2 per 1,000 feet on lumber. Senator Allen, of Nebraska, Populist, moved to substitute the provisions of the Wilson bill which placed lumber on the free list. The Senator spoke in particular against restoring white pine to the dutiable list, urging that the rates were designed to be prohibitory against Canadian pine. There was nothing, he said, in the "clap trap argument" of American high wages, as the wages of lumbermen in Canada were on the whole higher than in the United States.

Senator Berry, of Arkansas, spoke against restoring the duty on white pine. He had been appealed to by the lumber interests of his own State to support the duty, but he could not do it when it laid such heavy tribute on the agricultural people of the Western States.

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, who is supporting the lumber duty, reminded Senator Berry that his (Bacon's) support was due to the fact that the duty was a revenue rather than a protective rate. Senator Berry responded with a vehement arraignment of the bill, framed, he said, in the interest of every trust and combination in the country.

Senator Caffery, of Louisiana, opposed the duty on white pine and incidentally criticised the position of Senator Bacon, of Georgia, who, he said, favored a protective duty. This the Senator from Georgia denied.

Senator Caffery announced his opposition to all protective duties. He favored the imposition of pure revenue duties.

"The platform I stand on," interposed Senator Bacon," the orthodoxy of which the Senator from Louisiana may not subscribe to (Senator Caffery supported the Indianapolis gold ticket), warrants my position. The Chicago platform said, 'We favor a tariff for revenue with duties so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate as to class or section.' It is that plank in the platform upon which I stand."

Senator Caffery said there might be a discrepancy between the Chicago and Indianapolis platforms, but the essence of Democracy was opposed to a tariff on raw materials because such a tariff necessarily required compensatory duties on manufactured articles.

"My position," said Senator Bacon, "is that if the duties are to be levied on manufactured articles for revenue purposes, they should be levied also on raw materials—that no favors should be shown."

After Senator Caffery had made the statement that he had no apology to make for his vote on the Wilson bill, the debate became desultory. Senator Allen, of Nebraska, touched briefly on the subject of duty on hides, and then inveighed against the lumber duties in the bill, which he said would be particularly oppressive to the people of Nebraska, who were the victims of the Lumber Trust.

Senator Jones of Arkansas, characterized as absurd the claim that this country was being 'flooded" by foreign manufacturers of lumber in the face of the fact that but $7,500,000 worth of lumber was imported last year against $540,000,000 consumed.

Senator Spooner called attention to the remarkable nature of Senator Vest's amendment, which proposed to exclude white pine from the general duty of $2.00 on timber. Why should the lumber interests of Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin be dealt this blow.

Senator Vest disclaimed any intention of discriminating.

Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, called Senator Spooner's attention to the existence of white pine in Kentucky, West Virginia and Tennessee.

Senator Gray said he wanted to equalize the conditions of the consumers, and said it was an exercise of the despotism of wealth if people along the northern tier of States were to be stayed and prevented from crossing the imaginary line which separated them from Canada.

Senator Hale remarked that Senator Gray was talking like a free trader. The latter accepted the term. He said he had no prejudice against the word "free" or the word "freedom."

"Why do you draw the line at the free coinage of silver?" asked Senator Tillman. The Senate and galleries roared.

"The protection Senator from South Carolina takes up the sword of the Senator from Nevada (Stewart) during his absence," replied Senator Gray. "Free silver, like the flowers that bloom in the spring, has nothing to do with the case."

After further debate, Senator Vest's amendment to except white pine lumber from the $2 rate was lost.

When the sugar schedule was reached, Senator Allison stated that it was possible that some amendments might be made to it so that he thought it would be inexpedient to go on with it to-morrow. It was the purpose of the committee, however, to have that schedule considered as early as possible. If any changes were made they would be postponed in open Senate and after that sufficient time would be given gentlemen on the other side to consider them. The tobacco schedule will be considered to-morrow.

In response to inquiries by Senator Cannon, Senator Allison stated that the committee probably would return to the sugar schedule and dispose of it ahead of the other schedules, as Senators desired to have it out of the way.

At 5.30 p. m. the Senate held a brief executive session and at 5.45 p. m. adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, Democrat, the minority leader, was in his seat when the House met to-day for the first time in a fortnight.

After the passage of the Senate bills authorizing the construction of bridges, Mr Grosvenor, of Ohio, moved an adjournment.

"As long as the Cuban resolution and the Bankruptcy bill are undisposed of," interrupted Mr. Bailey before the vote was taken, "we feel constrained to resist these motions to adjourn."

The opposition scored its first victory this session when, on a rising vote, the motion to adjourn was defeated—79 to 80. The opposition cheered the announcement. Mr. Grosvenor immediately demanded the yeas and nays, which were ordered.

The roll call reversed the previous vote and the motion to adjourn was carried—91 to 79—present and not voting 11.

Mr. Terry made the point of no quorum, and the further point that the House could not adjourn for more than one day without a quorum. The Speaker declined to hear him, calling attention to the fact that with those present and not voting a quorum was present. He then announced the House adjourned until Thursday.

DELUGE OE WATER.

Desolation Wrought by a Cloud-Burst in France—Great Destruction of Property and Loss of Life.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, June 7.—The later details from Grenoble, in the department of Isere, show that the desolation wrought by the cloud-burst, which caused the river Morge to overflow its banks, is far more extended than was at first supposed. The deluge of water caused enormous land-slides of trees and sand from the mountains into the valley, overwhelming houses, burying cattle and destroying other property. In many villages the fleeing inhabitants left everything behind them.

Almost all the riverside factories were destroyed and no fewer than 500 workshops were wrecked. The town of Voiron presents a lamentable appearance. All the bridges are gone and the streets are filled with masses of debris washed out from the factories and shops, bales of cloth, rolls of silk and similar manufactured products, while the roads of the town and the district round about are simply impassable and choked with rocks and fallen trees or gullied with great wash-outs.

Voiron is without gas, as the gas works have been destroyed.

Many of the principal merchants are absolutely ruined and thousands of workmen are not only without employment but without shelter. So sudden was the onrush of the waters that hundreds barely escaped with their lives. In very many of the cafes and shops the occupants were up to their shoulders in water before they knew what had happened. It is reported that a family of six perished, but thus far only two bodies have been found. Numerous stories are told of heroic rescues.

Along the whole valley the crops are completely destroyed and the farms themselves are all more or less damaged. As the waters slowly subside they leave behind great stretches of mud, in which the soldiers, aided by the inhabitants, are working ceaselessly at cutting channels to allow the waters gathered in hollows to return to the river. The municipal authorities have decided to blow up the dam at Castellon to facilitate the escape of the water, which is still three feet deep in many houses, especially at Moairens, where buildings are constantly collapsing.

SILVER REPUBLICANS.

Important Meeting to Be Held in Chicago To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 7.—A meeting of considerable import to the advocates of free silver who were formerly identified with the Republican party, is to held here to-morrow, when the national provisional committee of the silver Republicans will be called to order at the Leland Hotel. It is expected that at least thirty-two States will be represented.

Among the more prominent members who have already arrived are ex-Senator Dubois, of Idaho; Senator Mantle, Montana; Congressmen Hartman, Montana; Jones, Washington; Shafroth, Colorado; A. M. Stevenson, Judge Peter M. Palmer, Samel Belford, Colorado; J. G. Peck, Oklahoma; G. S. Prettyman, Jr., Delaware, and P. J. Vanvoorhis, Indiana. Senator Pettigrew, of South Dakota, was here, but left to-night for Washington. It is understood that Senator Teller will be offered the chairmanship of the meeting to-morrow. Congressman Hartman said to-day:

"We want it distinctly understood that the organization of the silver Republican party will not be antagonistic to any of the organizations that endorse the free coinage of silver, but that we will make war with them on the common foe, the Republican party standing for the gold standard."

The National Provisional Committee will decide upon a plan for a permanent national organization, calling a national convention for that purpose. It is given out as the intention to organize thoroughly from the voting precincts up, with the view of electing Congressmen where possible in 1898, and also of taking an active part in the next Presidential campaign.

MASTER CAR BUILDERS.

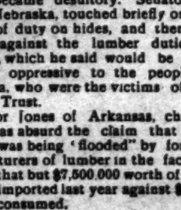
Annual Convention of the National Association to Convene To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., June 7.—The annual convention of the master car builders association of the United States will convene to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock at Old Point Comfort. The delegates have been arriving from from all parts of the United States during the day and nearly 1,000 are already present. Many are accompanied by their wives. Governor Charles T. O. Farrell will be present at the opening session, as will also President M. E. Ingalls, of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad and other distinguished men.

The entire plant of the Standard Oil works in Cleveland Ohio, has shut down for an indefinite period. It is said that the Standard has an immense stock on hand, enough to supply all demands in this district until January 1st, 1898 or longer.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. New York.

RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES AT THE A. & M. COLLEGE.

Dr. Hoge Delivered the Baccalaureate Sermon—Southern Railway's Demands—Republican Pie-Hunters—New Officers for the Department of Agriculture.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C. June 7.

A large number of physicians were here yesterday and to-day, en route to Morehead to attend the annual convention of the State Medical Society. The examination of applicants for license to practice medicine takes place to-day.

The commencement exercises at the A. & M. College began last evening with the baccalaureate sermon, which was delivered by Dr. Hoge. The class exercises occur to-night.

The Southern Railway has made demand upon Superintendent John R. Smith for one hundred feet of the grounds of the Penitentiary. The Southern's main track runs immediately in front of the stockade, and according to a recent decision of the Supreme Court, the railroad is entitled to this amount of land on either side of its track. The railroad needs the land on which to run sidings. The Penitentiary, which is already too small, is greatly crowded and Superintendent Smith says he will not comply with the railroad's wishes. A suit will probably result.

Mr. J B Hill, ex marshal of this district, and James Young have returned from Washington. Mr Hill learned definitely, while absent, that H. C. Dockery would be appointed marshal. James Young received the definite information that he was not to be Raleigh's postmaster. Jim says he called on the President and spent fifteen minutes in conversation with him, though the postoffice, he says, was not mentioned.

Jim Young says that Marshal Carroll is to be removed from office right away, possibly this week, and that Dockery will be appointed. Charges have been preferred against Marshal Carroll, and Young says he understands that the department has decided to remove Mr. Carroll.

The new officers in the Department of Agriculture will take hold next Monday. All the new officers have received notice to be present on that day.

A negro woman at the penitentiary who is serving a lengthy sentence gave birth to a child Saturday. The child is nearly white. The woman has been confined at Northampton farm for several years, and was brought to Raleigh a month ago. This is not the first instance of a child being born in the penitentiary. The authorities will keep it, if it lives, until it is four years of age.

STEAMER THREE FRIENDS

U. S Court Decision—The Libel for Forfeiture Dismissed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., June 7.—In the United States Court Judge Locke handed down a decision in the case of the Three Friends, charged with violating the neutrality laws by carrying a filibustering expedition to Cuba, and also as an armed vessel, dismissing the libel for forfeiture. In giving the decision Judge Locke said: The Court in examining the evidence in this case fails to find any testimony showing that the vessel was fitted out and armed within the limits of the United States. It does not show that she was loaded with arms and ammunition within fifteen or twenty miles of the shore. The further charge that the vessel took on additional arms or ammunition on the island of Navassa, which is American soil, was not confirmed by the testimony. It shows that the vessel touched there for a short time, but it does not show that it did anything that is in violation of the neutrality laws of this country."

Three other cases are pending against the vessel, but they are likely to be dismissed, as the evidence is much the same as in the present case. The district attorney will wait advices from Washington as to what future action to take.

ILLINOIS ELECTIONS.

A Light Vote—Democratic Gains—Republicans Carried a Majority of the Districts.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Judicial elections were held throughout Illinois to-day. Returns up to midnight indicate that the Republicans have carried twelve of the seventeen districts. Democratic gains were registered in a number of cases. The vote cast was, as a rule, extremely light and but little interest was manifested outside of Cook county.

The effect of the recent ruling of the Postoffice Department to consider as vacant offices which are due to expire between now and July 12th was apparent yesterday when 158 fourth class postmasters were appointed.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Fresh White Oak Ashes. Also White Oak Wood cut in stove lengths. For sale either at our mill or delivered. Carolina Cooperage Co. je 5 3t

For sale—100,000 Shingles, both rove and sawed, received in the last few days. Lowest prices. B. F. Keith Co je 5 7t

Prices to suit the hard times. Fine Candies, Ice Cream and Fresh Fruits can be had at Andrew Mavronichols', 705 North Fourth street. Orders left Saturday for Ice Cream delivered Sunday. Bell 'Phone 246. my 30 tf

For Sale—One small hand Job Press, size 5½x8½. Brand new. Write or call for particulars. Wilmington Stamp Works, 13 Princess street. my 26 tf

H. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street. I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 3m

Brown Drab Linens, New Rugs, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 16 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

Fruit and Vegetables—We will handle all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season during the Convention. Please send in your orders evenings before, so there will be no delay in receiving them. W. J. Kirkham & Co. my 2 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. Bro., are in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilled workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House apl

WARM WIRELETS.

The Wilcox and White organ company, one of the largest manufacturers of organs in the United States has made an assignment.

While standing in a door in his home in South Macon, Ga., during an electric storm, Sunday night, Thomas Welch was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Snow fell yesterday at Orange, N J., but the flakes melted as they struck the ground. The squall attracted general attention as few residents here had ever before seen snow in June.

A freight train and a work train collided on the Omaha road near Hudson, Wis. Five men were killed and afterward burned in the cars and several were injured. Both engines were demolished.

Ex Mayor John Tyler Cooper, of Atlanta, convicted of embezzling funds of the county while serving as clerk to the board of commissioners, was sentenced yesterday to three months imprisonment and $500 fine.

NEW ARRIVALS

Lowest Prices.

Beautiful Percales, Children's Wash Suits, Ladies' Underwear, Plain and Figured Organdies, Pretty Dimities, Colored Percaline Linings for Organdie Dresses.

Latest Styles in Slippers.

All Colors in Sailor Hats.

Very fine quality all wool Canvas Cloth for Skirts worth 50, only 35c, Black and Navy. Scrivens' Pat. Seam Drawers 89c.

MEN'S BLACK

Clay Worsted Suits $5 50

Lots of other goods.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and up. je 6 tf

NEW CROP

Molasses.

Our Own Importation Fro

WEST INDIES.

QUALITY EXCELLENT.

Price Low.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 30 tf

It Touches the Spot

These Hot Days,

Strawberry Acid,

made from fresh ripe fruit, at the fountain of

JAMES D. NUTT,

je 5 tf The Druggist.

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

my 23 tf

NOTICE.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, in the Fourth Circuit at Wilmington.

Charles O'Donnell Lee et al., against The Peregoy Jenkins Company and A. G. Ricaud, Receiver of the Peregoy Jenkins Company.

The undersigned, heretofore appointed Master by a decree in the above cause, hereby notifies all holders of the mortgage bonds of the defendant company to produce the same before him at his office in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on or before the 28th day of June, 1897, and make due proof of same as required by said decree. E. K. BRYAN, Master.

my 20 15t

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT SCHEDULE.

On and after May 26th, Boat leaves except Sunday 9.30 a. m and 2 p. m.

Leave Beach 1.30 and 6 p. m.

Leave Southport 12.30 and 2.15 p. m.

Leaves Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.

Leaves Beach at 12.30 and 6 p. m.

Connects with Yacht Undine at Harper's Pier.

my 25 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 4 00 p. m., 6.15 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a.m., 6.30 p. m.

NOTICE.

Ice and Marketing on 6.30 a. m. train. Freight will be received until 9.40 a. m. for 10.10 train; until 4.30 p. m. for 5 10 train. No freight carried on other trains. R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

jn 1 tf

Wanted, Wanted,

TO SELL LARGE LOT OF WATER GROUND Virginia Meal. We are receiving these goods in large quantities daily.

R. R. STONE & CO., Wholesale Grocers, No. 7 South Water St.

je 6 D&W tf

Maher-Sharkey.

AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT THE MAIL is never late, and customers are always happy.

Place your order for next edition of "Police Gazette," containing full account of Maher-Sharkey fight.

je 6 tf

STOVES AND RANGES,

OIL STOVES,

Gasolene Stoves.

In fact anything you want for the kitchen.

I am adding the above line to my complete stock of

HARDWARE, TINWARE AND

Agricultural Implements

and will carry a line second to none in quality, at the very lowest prices.

Have secured the services of J. L. Breckenridge with special reference to this line, and can offer you the benefit of his several years experience.

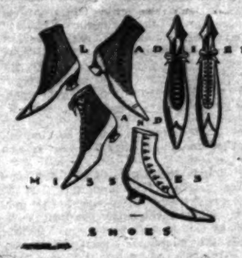
My line includes the Richmond Stove Co.'s entire product.

Can furnish repairs for all kinds of Stoves

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building.

je 24 tf



We call special attention to our pretty White Kid Opera Slippers, with Beaded Satin Bows for Ladies at $1, usually sold at $1 25. Many other kinds of Ladies, Misses, Children and Infants' Shoes on hand and arriving, as well as Gents' Low Shoes; that to be appreciated must all be seen. Remember we extend the invitation to everybody to look in our window, examine our stock and buy and wear our SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. je 6 tf

Big Reduction

—IN—

Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

N. E Cor. Front and Market Sts.

je 6 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Iredell Meares and F. B. Manning, Receivers, vs. S. F. Yopp et al., the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree, will expose for sale to the highest bidder at public auction, for cash, on Monday, June 21st, 1897, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock m., the following lot of land situate in the city of Wilmington, N. C., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southern line of Brunswick street 247 and ½ feet East of the Eastern line of Fifth street and running thence with the Southern line of Brunswick street Eastwardly 30 feet, thence South and parallel with South street 66 feet, thence West and parallel with Brunswick street 30 feet, and thence North and parallel with Sixth street 66 feet to the beginning, the same being east ½ Lot 1 in Block 305, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, all of which is particularly described in a certain Deed of Mortgage executed by S. F. Yopp and wife, Katie M. Yopp, to the Cape Fear Inter-State Building and Loan Association, bearing date January 8th, 1896, and recorded in book 13, pages 341 and 342, Records of New Hanover county.

S. P. COLLIER, Commissioner.

my 25 5t in 1 8 15 20

SALE OF STOCK.

BY DIRECTION OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the "East Carolina Piscitorial Association," I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in the City of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 12th day of June, 1897, at 12 o'clock m., ten shares of the Capital Stock of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association standing in the name of J. S. Westbrook, 9 shares standing in the name of F. A. Moore and 5 shares standing in the name of I. F. Hill, to satisfy and pay the sum of one hundred and five dollars on stock of J. S. Westbrook, one hundred and seven dollars on stock of R. A. Moore and twenty dollars on stock of I. F. Hill, due as unpaid assessments on said stock; said assessments having been duly and regularly called by order of the said Board and payment thereof having been refused by J. S. Westbrook, R. A. Moore and I. F. Hill, the subscribers to said stock.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr., Attorney.

my 30 20t

J. L. HILL

PRINTING COMPANY'S

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owners and Publishers,

my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

Lemons.

20 Boxes Fancy Lemons.
400 Bags Virginia Meal.
100 Bags City Meal.
300 Bags Corn.
150 Bales Hay.
114 Bags Oats.
20 Barrels Mott's Cider.

W. B. COOPER.

je 6 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS AT

A. D. BROWN'S,

No. 29 North Front St.

Gent's Furnishings.

Just six dozen of these celebrated

Shirts, beautifully laun dered, perfect fitting and just your size, only $1 each.

Gentlemen's Gauze sleeves, elegant quality, Shirts, long and short and only 25 and 50c each.

Gentlemen's Gauze any size, only 25 and 50c Drawers, perfect fitting, pair.

A special line of Gentlemen's Half Hose, Onyx Black, only 15c pair. Ladies' Gauze and Ribbed Vests, 5c to 50c each.

Ladies's Bath Suits and Caps in Flannel and Mohair, $5.00 to $6.00 each. Summer Corsets, all sizes, only 50c pair.

50 rolls Matting on Tuesday's steamer. We have just received 12 dozen Negligee Shirts for gentlemen. Call and see them. They are only $1.00 each.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

Price List:

Line Ladies' Sailor Hats at 8c. A job Children's Lawn Caps at 7c. Duck Tam O'Shanter Caps at 12c. Colored Tam O'Shanter Caps at 8c. Boys' nice fine banded Straw Hats at 10c. Men's and Boys' Palmetto, wide brim, best quality, at 10c. All styles Trimmed Sailors at 25, 50, 75c, $1 00 and 1 50.

Ladies' nice Trimmed Hats, with flowers and ribbons at 50c.

Men's Odd Pants—Heavy Jeans at 29c. Pretty Cottonade at 39c. Special and best quality Linen Pants at 50c, worth $1.00. Fine Flannel Pants, all colors, at 75c and $1.00.

Gent's Linen Suits, nicely made for gents, at $2.87 a Suit.

Gent's nice all wool Suits at $4.00, 5 00 and 6.00 a Suit.

Good Suits at $3.95 and 3.25 a Suit.

Shoes for Ladies—Nice fine honest goods, clean stock, at 50, 60, 75c a pair.

Men's Shoes from 75, 90c, $1.00 and 1.25, and 1.39, 1 50 up to 2.50 and 3 00 a pair.

Children's Button Shoes, from 2's to 5's, at 19, 25, 35 and 50c a pair.

Children's Shoes, from 6's to 8's, for 25 to 60; from 9's to 11's, 35 to 75c; from 12's to 2's, for 50c to $1 25 a pair.

Ladies' Leather Belts from 10 to 15, 25, 35 and 50c.

Shirt Waist Sets—3 studs, 1 collar button, 1 pair linked cuff buttons, for 10, 25 and 50c a Set.

Gent's fine Shirt Sets, Studs, at 25, 50 and $1 00.

Cuff Buttons, 25, 35 and 50c.

Side Combs, Hair Pins, Finger Rings, Lock Bacelets, silver and gold-plated, and Curling Irons, from 5 to 10c.

Ladies' Corsets, something special, worth 50c, a nice clean job at 33c; sells every time it is shown.

Nice Umbrellas for 45, 50 65, 75, 90c, $1 00 and up to 2.00. Umbrellas at bottom prices.

Large Sun Shades for buggies and carts at $1 40 each, all colors.

Dragon-colored Spool Cotton at 1c a spool. Four Lead Pencils at 1c. Six balls of Sewing Thread at 5c. One box of 8 ounces Clinch Shoes Nails at 5c. A heavy pair Half Soles at 10c. Six pairs heavy Shoe Laces at 5c. Two large sticks of Stove Polish at 5c. One box of fine Iron-Shine at 5c. One large bottle of Bixby's Shoe Polish at 5c, worth 10c. One quart bottle of good black Writing Ink at 23c.

Heavy Plaids at 3½c. Good Ginghams, 3½c.

You will find us at 113 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

my 30 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

THE NEW

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

WITH

Rotary Motion and Ball Bearings,

Easy Running, Quiet, Rapid, and Durable.

Purchasers say:

"It runs as light as a feather."
"Great improvement over anything so far."
"It turns drudgery into a pastime."
"The magic Silent Sewer."

All sizes and styles of sewing machines for Cloth and Leather.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

AGENTS. NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

The Morning Star.

Oldest Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING

Reduced Rates of Subscription:

ONE YEAR, BY MAIL	$5 00
SIX MONTHS, BY MAIL	2 50
THREE MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 25
TWO MONTHS, BY MAIL	1 00
ONE MONTH, BY MAIL	50

Delivered, by carriers, to City Subscribers at 45 cents per month.

Address

Wm. H. Bernard,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

a "Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my 9 tf D&W

Attention Representatives

TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS Temple. While in the city call at Prempert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade.

Respectfully,

ARTHUR PREMPERT, 11 South Front street.

my 1 tf

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

ap 10 tf

Sale of Valuable Land

ON SATURDAY, JUNE 5TH, 1897, AT 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, the undersigned will sell at public auction, for cash, a tract of land containing about 300 acres, lying in Hickory Point Township, Pender county, on the west side of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, and adjoining the lands of James B. Bordeaux, Mrs. Armstrong, and others, being the same which was conveyed to me by W. W. Alderman, sheriff, by deed recorded in Book "S," page 235 of Pender county records.

A. G. RICAUD, Receiver First National Bank.

my 10 1w